

## CHANG HSUN REFUSES TO SURRENDER BUT WON'T FIGHT TILL ATTACKED

### OLD PARLIAMENT TO RECONVENE AS ONLY LEGAL BODY

Heads Of Dissolved Legis-  
lature In Shanghai Decide  
To Meet Immediately

### INFORM NATION

Dr. Wu's Seal As Foreign  
Minister Is Demanded  
By Tientsin Cabinet

### DESPATCH DEPUTY

Message Sent To Commis-  
sioner Here Ordering  
Him to Hand It Over

The original Parliament will con-  
vene immediately and will regard  
itself as the only recognised and  
legal legislature of the Republic.  
This was announced yesterday in a  
circular telegram sent from the  
headquarters of the Parliament-  
arians now at Shanghai under the  
leadership of Speaker Wu Ching-  
lien of the House and Vice-speaker  
C. T. Wang of the Senate.

The lengthy message, after dis-  
cussing the importance of the pro-  
tection of the Constitution for the  
existence of the Republic, attributes  
the cause of the whole crisis to the  
Hsuehchun Conference, the Petition-  
ers' demonstration and the re-  
volt of the Tsuchuns, and makes five  
declarations regarding the present  
position of the dissolved Parliam-  
ent. These follow:

1. Since the mandate dissolving  
Parliament was contrary to the  
Constitution, it is naturally ineffec-  
tive. All subsequent mandates are  
also ineffective because they were  
not countersigned in accordance  
with law. Chiang Chao-chung and  
others were not legal Cabinet Minis-  
ters. All mandates thereafter shall  
not be recognised if they are not  
issued legally.

2. The special privilege act extend-  
ed to the Ta Ching Imperial family  
was an act of leniency on the part  
of the Republic. The act became effec-  
tive only after being passed upon by  
the Nanjing Parliament. Now the  
imperial house has actually dared to  
rebel against the Republic, the privi-  
leges are naturally forfeited. How-  
ever, the proper settlement of the  
question should be left to the Legisla-  
ture for its decision.

3. Any other legislature, or provi-  
sional senate or constitutional con-  
vention shall not be recognised, be-  
cause their organisation will be con-  
trary as well as destructive to the  
Constitution.

4. The original Parliament will im-  
mediately convene by itself.

5. Monarchists, rebels and instiga-  
tors for the destruction of law shall  
be punished in accordance with law.

### No Mediation, Is Advice

Avoid mediation and fight until  
all the rebels shall have been pun-  
ished are the advice of Chang Chi,  
former speaker of the Senate, and  
Sung Hung-yi, former Minister of  
Interior, in a telegram despatched  
yesterday to General Feng Yoh-ling,  
commander of the expeditionary  
forces at Langfang.

The message expresses the hope  
that the punitive expedition this time  
will get rid of, once for all, all the  
undesirables of the Republic, in-  
cluding not only Chang Hsun and  
Kang Yu-wei but also each and  
every rebellious Tsuchun, all the  
parties who endorsed the monarchic-  
al movement when it was first ad-  
vocated by Chang, and those who  
accepted offices under the short  
regime of the Manchus last week.

### Demand Dr. Wu's Seal

The return of the seal of the  
Minister of Foreign Affairs by Dr. Wu  
Ting-fang was demanded in a telegram  
sent by the Tientsin Cabinet to the  
local Commissioner of Foreign Affairs,  
Mr. C. H. Chu, yesterday. The mes-  
sage states that Dr. Wu had on several  
occasions submitted his resignation as  
Minister of Foreign Affairs. Now that  
his resignation is accepted, he is re-  
quested to hand over the seal to the  
Commissioner, who will in turn hand  
it over to the Nanking Government  
by a special deputy.

The Tientsin Cabinet also informed  
Commissioner Chu in another telegram,  
that hereafter all diplomatic negotia-  
tions shall be carried on by the Cab-  
inet. In reply, Mr. Chu promised to  
carry out the instructions accordingly.

### Wilson Drafts Militia Into Army By August 5

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Washington, July 10.—President Wilson has issued a proclama-  
tion drafting the entire National Guard into the Army on August 5.

### FRENCH WINNING BACK THEIR LOST TRENCHES

Counter-Attack Yields Greater  
Part Of German Gains  
Of Previous Day

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, July 9.—The official com-  
munique issued this afternoon re-  
ports: We brilliantly repulsed a  
strong attack against the Pantheon.  
We made a counter-attack against  
the trenches the enemy occupied  
yesterday between Les Beaufettes  
and Chevigny Spur and after a very  
lively fight, broke up the enemy's  
energetic resistance, driving him out  
of our first-line elements on a front  
of 1,500 meters, thus regaining the  
greater part of the gains the enemy  
won yesterday between the Pantheon  
and Froimont Farm.

According to fresh information the  
enemy's attacks here yesterday were  
carried out by elements belonging to  
three divisions re-inforced by special  
assaulting troops, pioneers and de-  
tachments of flame throwers, the  
total aggregating a dozen fresh  
battalions. Our troops, whose gallant  
defence was praiseworthy, inflicted  
enormous losses. Prisoners confirm this  
fact.

The official communique issued  
this evening reports: There has  
been considerable reciprocal artill-  
ery firing south of Flain and in the  
region of Hill 304.

London, July 9.—The German and  
Austrian official communiques con-  
tinue constantly to make statements,  
especially regarding the Russian  
Front, which are largely irreconcil-  
able with the Russian communiques.  
For instance, there is no hint in  
either the German or Austrian com-  
muniques of the big Russian success  
in the region of Stanislaw.

The same applies to the German  
official communiques regarding the  
French Front. For example, there  
is no mention in the German official  
communique today of the French  
success between Les Beaufettes and  
Chevigny. On the contrary, it  
speaks of continued German suc-  
cesses. It is probable that the aim  
of the enemy is to bewilder neutrals  
and at the same time please their  
own people.

The latest claim made by Berlin  
with reference to Saturday's raid on  
London confirms that the enemy air-  
men never knew what they hit in  
these raids.

London, July 9.—Field-Marshal  
Sir Douglas Haig reports this even-  
ing: Hostile raiders entered our ad-  
vanced post westward of Warneton  
and our trenches eastward of La  
Vente.

The enemy's artillery was active in  
the neighborhood of Bullecourt,  
Ypres and Neuport. Aerial activity  
was impossible owing to the weather.

### MAKES TRIP FROM CHENG TU IN 14 DAYS

Mr. Maynard Owen Williams,  
special correspondent in China for  
The Christian Herald, New York,  
arrived in Shanghai yesterday from  
Chengtu, Szechuen. Mr. Williams  
made the trip in fourteen days,  
which he thinks must be pretty close  
to the record.

"The main land route via Tre-  
chow and the Min river route to  
Chungking are both closed to travel  
owing to bandits and pirates and  
have been closed since last April,"  
said Mr. Williams. "I came by a  
less traveled but more difficult route  
and reached Chungking in five days.  
From there I made Ichang in 4 days  
and found a steamer just getting  
ready to sail for Hankow. At the  
latter city I made good connection  
with the Kutwo and so landed here  
in just a fortnight from the time I  
started. But for the loss of 32 hours  
at Chungking I would be quite sure  
I had hung up a new record."

### AIR RAID CASUALTIES 43 DEAD, 197 INJURED

Secret Session Called At Which  
Lloyd-George Is To Ex-  
plain Situation

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, July 9.—The Press  
Bureau announces: The casualties due  
to Saturday's air-raid now total 30  
men, 3 women and 5 children killed;  
98 men, 46 women and 53 children  
injured.

At the session of the House of  
Commons today, replying to a  
bombardment of questions concern-  
ing the air-raid on Saturday, Mr.  
A. Bonar Law announced that he  
would this evening move to hold  
a private sitting to discuss the air-  
defences of the country.

Mr. Bonar Law said that he expected  
Mr. Lloyd George would make a  
statement at the private sitting, after  
which, if a public discussion was de-  
manded, the Government would not  
object.

The reports of the secret sitting of  
the House of Commons last night were  
received too late for detailed comments  
in this morning's papers, but its  
secrecy evidently meets with little  
favor.

Subsequently Sir George Cave an-  
nounced that the Government is re-  
considering the question of issuing  
warnings of daylight raids in order to  
ascertain if it is possible to give short  
notice when raids are impending.

Pending the official statement which  
it is expected will be issued after to-  
night's secret session, a semi-official  
but authoritative explanation is issued  
controversial the idea existing among  
the public that the raiders on Satur-  
day flew low and slowly. It declares  
that there were 22 machines, all of  
which were flying seventy miles an  
hour at an average height of 15,000  
feet. The raiders were big Gotha  
two-engine machines which looked at  
15,000 feet like British machines at  
5,000 feet. Our gunners shot well, but  
had hard luck against the difficult  
target. Our defenders were not  
caught unready. The raiders were well  
equipped and there were a large number  
of engagements in the air at close  
quarters.

### Havre Cotton Board Allowed To Reopen

Transactions Still Are Restrict-  
ed By Rules That Fix  
Prices

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, July 9.—The decree issued on  
the 22nd temporarily closing the  
Havre Cotton Exchange has been re-  
pealed, but transactions are restricted  
by rules which fix prices.

London, July 9.—The Cotton Control  
Board states that the expression  
"Cotton abroad" applies to cotton  
which was not shipped prior to the  
29th June. Unsold cotton shipped or  
in transit by sea prior to the 29th  
June must be considered as stock in  
England and dealt with according to  
the regulations issued on the 6th July  
relating to spot cotton.

The Card Roomers' Amalgama-  
tion, which represents half a million  
operatives, mostly women, has ap-  
plied for a 25 per cent advance  
in wages. The Spinners' Federation  
considers the demand on the 13th.  
The wages of card room operatives  
have been advanced twenty per cent  
since the beginning of the War.

### Mail Notices

### MAILS CLOSE

For Japan:—  
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Yawata M. July 13  
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Hakui M. July 17  
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kasuga M. July 19  
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Atsuta M. July 20  
For U.S., Canada, and Europe:—  
Per T.K.K. s.s. Korea Maru July 20  
Per P.M. s.s. Colombia .... July 21  
For Europe:—  
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Sawa M. July 31  
The American mail is due here  
on or about July 14, per N.Y.K. s.s.  
Yokohama Maru.

### Where American Sailors Are Being Trained For War



GREAT LAKES TRAINING STATION.

The above photograph shows a remarkable view of the Great Lakes Training Station at Lake Bluff, Ill., where several thousand young Americans are being prepared for active service in the United States Navy.

### GERMAN CHANCELLOR'S FATE HANGS IN BALANCE

Von Bethmann-Hollweg Likely  
To Be Replaced By Von  
Hindenburg, Is Report

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, July 10.—The fate of  
Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, the  
Imperial German Chancellor, is still  
hanging in the balance. Numerous  
political conferences are being held  
westward of Stanislaw, General  
Korniloff captured on Sunday several  
villages, 131 officers, 7,000 men, 35  
guns, including 12 of heavy caliber,  
and also many machine-guns.

The latest report is that Marshal  
von Hindenburg will succeed Dr.  
von Bethmann-Hollweg as Imperial  
German Chancellor.

### AUSTRIANS DESPERATE

Zurich, July 10.—During a recent  
debate in the Reichsrath deputies  
from all parts of Austria-Hungary  
declared that the situation of the  
mass of the population was fast be-  
coming desperate. Galicia, the  
granary of Austria, is completely  
bare. A German Socialist Deputy  
declared that it was impossible to  
tell how long the workers would  
bear their privations: the wrath of  
the lower classes could not be kept  
down by bayonets.

### INDIA PLOT IN AMERICA DIRECTED FROM BERLIN

105 Involved In Conspiracy For  
Which 98 Have Been  
Indicted

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

San Francisco, July 9.—The  
United States District Attorney, in a  
statement on the conspiracy case  
mentioned yesterday, said that Ger-  
man preparations for war against  
England were made in America a  
year before outbreak of the War. He  
proceeded to summarise the plot as  
follows:—

"One hundred and five men are  
involved, of whom 98 are now in-  
dicted and seven are named as fel-  
low conspirators. When the War  
broke out emissaries were despatched  
to Berlin, where the India Com-  
mittee, an adjunct of the German  
Foreign Office, formed conspiracies  
under the personal attention of Dr.  
Zimmermann, the Minister for For-  
eign Affairs.

"Their activities included large  
purchases of arms and ammunition,  
the recruitment and despatch of  
men to India and the organization of  
military expeditions for carrying on  
from America and Siam the smug-  
gling of arms and munitions through  
China and Japan. The principal  
motive was to force Great Britain to  
maintain strong forces in India and  
to prevent their transfer to the  
fighting fronts."

Agents were sent to China and  
Japan with the object of buying the  
press and to procure secret treaties in  
favor of Germany in connection with  
the plot.

### Russians' New Smash Near Stanislaw Yields 7,000 More Prisoners

Several Villages Taken And  
Enemy Sent Fleeing In  
Attack On Sunday

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, July 9.—(By wireless).—  
A Russian official communique re-  
ports: In a successful offensive  
westward of Stanislaw, General  
Korniloff captured on Sunday several  
villages, 131 officers, 7,000 men, 35  
guns, including 12 of heavy caliber,  
and also many machine-guns.  
General Korniloff attacked and  
pierced the enemy's foremost and  
most important position westward of  
Stanislaw and advanced and cap-  
tured in the battle the villages of  
Jezupol, Clezov, Pavelche, Rybno  
and Starytsie. Russian cavalry  
immediately pursued the enemy,  
reaching the River Lutska.

We evacuated Pendjvin, Khanikin  
and Khirshireen under Turkish  
pressure.

We bombed the railway station at  
Pinsk, causing conflagrations.  
London, July 9.—An Austrian  
official communique reports: The  
enemy attempted a decisive blow  
with superior forces against the road  
from Stanislaw to Kolosz. Those  
penetrating our advanced trenches  
were ejected by a counter-attack.

Strong forces of the enemy were  
also repulsed in the Strzyca Valley,  
near Hunt.

Petrograd, July 10.—A Bat-  
talion of the Reval Garrison,  
composed of 400 men and seven  
women, received a warm welcome  
on their arrival here en route to the  
front. A telegram from Minsk de-  
scribes the beginning of military  
activity at several parts of the  
front, including a prolonged and  
intense artillery duel in the region  
of Krevo and Smorgon.

### U.S. And Britain Plan To Control Shipping

Arrangement Being Made To  
Prevent Germany's Getting  
Supplies Through Neutrals

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Washington, July 9.—The Govern-  
ment has announced that an ar-  
rangement is under negotiation  
which is designed to give America  
and Great Britain a firm grasp of  
all Allied and neutral shipping by  
very strict control of coal and fuel  
supplies.

It is revealed that Sweden has  
been exporting to Germany enormous  
quantities of material, includ-  
ing copper, zinc, manganese, sul-  
phur and cotton substitutes for high  
explosives and for the manufacture  
of munitions. In a similar manner  
shipments of iron-ore have been  
supplemented by imports from the  
United States. Moreover, Sweden  
has used her railways against the  
Allies and has held up a large  
amount of shipping in her ports,  
consequently it has become impera-  
tive to force Sweden's shipping ton-  
nage on to the trade routes of the  
world, which can be done by con-  
trol of coal and fuel.

### ALLIES PLAN MEETING ON BALKAN AFFAIRS

Conference Called At Instance  
Of Russian Government Which  
Disapproves Entente Policy

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Petrograd, July 9.—The Govern-  
ment announces that a special Con-  
ference of the Allies has been con-  
voked to consider Balkan affairs.  
"Such a Conference is necessary in  
view of the extreme complexity of  
the political and strategical position  
of the Balkans. Its object will be  
to secure a common policy."

This Conference will be separate  
from the forthcoming general Con-  
ference of the Allies regarding terms  
of peace.  
The statement issued by the Pro-  
visional Government adds that the  
Government has formally protested  
against the recent steps taken by  
the other Allies in Greece. "While  
not animated by a desire to support  
Constantine whom we disapprove  
and whose personal policy we con-  
tinue to completely disapprove, we  
disapprove of the means employed  
forcibly to substitute one King for  
another. We maintained in our  
pourparlers with our Allies that the  
choice of the form of government in  
Greece as well as of the administra-  
tive organisation appertains ex-  
clusively to the Greek people." The  
statement adds that for these reasons  
the Provisional Government refused  
to allow the Russian troops to partici-  
pate in the expedition in Southern  
Greece.

Paris, July 9.—It is announced  
that the Allied troops are about to  
evacuate the Greek territory which  
they recently occupied as a precau-  
tionary measure. This evacuation  
does not include the region around  
Salonica.

### To Help Greece Financially

Athens, July 9.—Before leaving  
for Salonica, M. Jonnart, the High  
Commissioner of the Allies, an-  
nounced that he would devote his  
efforts in Paris and London to  
strengthening the finances of  
Greece. He referred in most flatter-  
ing terms to the uniform  
moderation of M. Venizelos, the  
Greek Premier.

### Mesopotamia Debate Will Take Two Days

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, July 9.—In the House  
of Commons today, replying to Mr.  
Arthur Lynch, Mr. A. Bonar Law  
said that if the House desired, as  
he thought probable, the Government  
would give two days to the debate on  
the Report of the Mesopotamia Com-  
mission, which would occur on a  
motion for the adjournment of the  
House.

### The Weather

Exceedingly oppressive with  
threats of rain. The maximum tem-  
perature yesterday was 88.5 and the  
minimum 78.7, the corresponding  
figures for the corresponding day  
last year being respectively 91.8 and  
76.3.

### ISSUES MANIFESTO JUSTIFYING ACTION AND GIVING TERMS

Insists On Protection For  
Ching House, Himself  
And His Troops

### IT'S THAT OR FIGHT

Appeals To Diplomatic  
Corps To Help Reach  
Peaceful Settlement

### RESENTS CHARGES

Will Die In Battle Rather  
Than Give Up Under  
Stigma of Criminal

Reuter's Pacific Service to The China Press

Peking, July 11.—General Chiang  
Chao-chung, General Wang Shih-chen  
and General Wu Ping-hsiang today  
made a final effort to persuade Chang  
Hsun to surrender but the latter  
refused and said he would fight to  
the end.

Chang Hsun, in a manifesto, re-  
counts the reason inspiring the Re-  
sistance and says:

"Instead of being supported in my  
sincere and honest endeavor to  
benefit my country and Sovereign, I  
have been forced to battle with ne-  
phew associates, lifelong com-  
rades in arms and even friends of  
generations standing. By these  
former friends I have been placard-  
ed as a traitorous seeker of power  
and have had a price put on my  
head and am now, without the con-  
sideration and without the negotia-  
tions accorded the vanquished by  
every civilized nation, told I must be  
exterminated as a robber and a  
criminal."

Chang Hsun continues that it is not  
fitting that he should insist on his  
sincerity and honesty of purpose. Let  
Heaven and posterity judge. If he  
is forced to preserve his honor by  
dying on the field of battle. He does  
not propose to shame what he believes  
to be his righteous cause by surren-  
dering as a criminal. He is as solicitous  
of the welfare of the people of Peking  
as his opponents, but he is more  
solicitous of the welfare of the Ching  
House, himself and his following.

### Will Wait Till Attacked

Chang Hsun concludes:  
"For the present I am on the de-  
fensive. I shall keep the peace and  
shall not fire till I am fired upon.  
I shall deal honorably with envoys  
but till I am dealt with fairly and  
reasonably I shall not move from  
my present position nor abandon my  
moral obligations to the Imperial  
Household. Before I consider any  
concessions an honest settlement  
must be arranged and proper  
guarantees given for the observance  
of its terms. I appeal to the  
Honorable Diplomatic Representa-  
tives of the Treaty Powers in the  
interests of humanity and peace to  
further the consummation of such  
arrangements and pledge myself  
faithfully to observe whatever  
agreements I find possible to make  
with my opponents."

### (CHINA PRESS OWN SERVICE)

Tientsin, July 11.—The situation  
has turned for the worse. Efforts at  
mediation have failed completely and  
Chang Hsun's troops are entrenching  
themselves around the Forbidden City  
and near his home, the approaches to  
which are being fortified.

Tuan Chi-jui is sending large  
quantities of ammunition for the  
troops that now completely encircle  
the capital.

### Diplomatic Corps Makes

### Proposal For Settlement

The diplomatic corps at Peking  
in a body handed over a note to  
the Peking authorities Monday, pro-  
testing against the existing condi-  
tions of the Capital. The message,  
received by the Chinese press here,  
reads in part:

"The Diplomatic Corps at Peking  
does not wish to interfere with the  
domestic questions of the Republic  
of China. However, it is feared that  
bloodshed might take place



presently, so it is compelled to suggest some method whereby this great misfortune could be avoided. "It appears to the Diplomatic Corps that the most effective course to take is to have Chang Hsun, who has already resigned his office, to disarm his troops and yield their arms to the proper authorities. "On the other hand, General Tuan will formally declare that he will personally be responsible for the safety of Chang Hsun as well as the lives of his soldiers."

#### Reuter's Pacific Service to The China Press

Peking, July 10.—(Delayed) The situation is unchanged. To all intents and purposes the monarchy has disappeared. Only a few Dragon flags remain in Peking.

The chief problem is how to get rid of Chang Hsun's troops without a disturbance. It has been suggested that Chang Hsun might be willing to disband his troops if the safety of himself, his family and his property is guaranteed, but it seems too early to hope for such a solution. Chang Hsun expresses his determination to hold out to the last unless he is permitted to return to Hsichowfu.

It is reported that Hsu Shih-chang refuses to come to Peking to mediate and the responsibility for settling the situation therefore falls on General Wang Shih-chien. The latter called a meeting of the Military Commanders Chiang Chao-chang, Chang Tso-ping, Fu Liang-cho and the Chief of Police, General Wu Ping-hang, yesterday.

Owing to the difficulties of disbandment it was proposed to draft about half of the men under Chang Hsun's command into the regular Army, thus reducing it. It is said that Chang Hsun has agreed to this scheme, but this is very doubtful.

The late Minister of War, General Lai Chen-chin, and the late Minister of Finance, Chang Chen-fang, when attempting to escape to Tientsin yesterday, were arrested at Fengtai.

General Feng Lin-ko, the Commander of the 28th Division, which is stationed between Shanhaikuan and Mukden, outside the Great Wall, was arrested at Tientsin. After playing an active part in the restoration he left Tientsin a few days ago to return to his command. The doubtful attitude of the 28th Division caused a temporary suspension of traffic between Tientsin and Mukden last week.

Telegrams in code are prohibited unless a translation and the code book or a Consular seal is furnished.

**Feng Dismisses Dr. Wu**  
Tientsin, July 10.—Dr. Wu Ting-fang's dismissal from the post of Minister of Foreign Affairs is contained in a mandate issued by acting President Feng Kuo-chang.

At Republican Headquarters here it is stated that owing to Chang Hsun's obstinacy foreign mediation has been withdrawn and the Republicans intend to attack the Forbidden City when their arrangements have been completed.

Upwards of 50,000 troops are now assembled around Peking, excluding two Divisions within the City.

The only fears arise from Chang Hsun's reported threats to make foreigners pay for their interference.

**Canton Awails Lu Yung-ting**  
Canton, July 11.—Kwangtung is detaining \$1,800,000 of national revenue.

The citizens complain that the officials are raising funds for military purposes but do not despatch the punitive expedition.

The Ki-yuen, the speaker of the Provincial Assembly, has resigned because the Assembly and the Provincial Government have acted illegally in reopening fan-tan gambling.

In spite of the fact that Inspector-General Lu Yung-ting has come to no decision, Civil Governor General Chu Ching-ian is preparing an expedition to go north.

General Tsun Chun-hsuan, Dr. Sun Yat-sen and Chen Chiung-ming arrive here shortly.

Pending the arrival of Inspector

General Lu Yung-ting from Kwangtung no decisions have been made concerning the movements of troops although preparations continue daily. The Military Governor Chen Ping-chun denies that there has been a dispute between the Kwangsi and Yunnan soldiers.

The people are getting impatient because the officials are exchanging many telegrams every day but doing nothing of real importance.

The Cantonese question the wisdom of the proposal made by Government officials to sell public property and to use the proceeds for military expenses. They hope that the return of Tong Shao-yi, Chen Chiung-ming, Dr. Sun Yat-sen and other leading Cantonese will result in the interests of the Province being protected.

It is understood that the Government itself will administer the fan-tan gambling in order to raise a fund for war purposes.

#### Abdication Edict Held Up Because of Chang's Defiance

(From the Chinese Press)

On account of the change of attitude of Chang Hsun, the Ching dynasty is withholding the edict cancelling the monarchy, which would have been issued yesterday. Members of the royal family are working hard for the renewal of the special treatment act granted to the Manchus.

Mediation between Tuan Chi-jui and Chang Hsun was interrupted by the opposition of Feng Yoh-hsian, regiment commander of Langfang, who declared that he will not stop fighting until Chang is captured. The negotiations between Hsu Shih-chang and Wang Shih-chien have also been suspended.

Tuan sent an ultimatum to Chang demanding the cancellation of the monarchy and the withdrawal of his troops or the surrender of their arms within 24 hours. Otherwise he will begin his attack on the Capital.

Part of Chang's troops were ready to surrender, when they were ordered to their posts by their commander. General Chiang Chao-chung Tuesday night strongly advised Chang to yield but without success. He also approached his troops and told them that their privileges will be great if they took the opportunity to surrender at once, but they were firm because Chang Hsun has declared that he will not apologize for what he has done and would rather kill all the members of his family and then commit suicide himself than cancel the monarchy.

In response to the protest of the Japanese Minister against the recent bomb-throwing at Peking, General Chen Kwan-yuan has informed the Diplomatic Corps that his action will be limited to the area of the imperial palaces and will not endanger the life and property of the foreign residents in the Metropolis.

The restoration of the original parliament is now being contemplated by General Feng Kuo-chang. General Tuan Chi-jui is reported to be opposed to the measure.

Military Commissioner Chang Wen-sung, commander-in-chief of all the pig-tailed troops at Hsichowfu, has ordered his soldiers to cut their queues, surrender their arms to General Feng and declare themselves pro-republican. There are 16 battalions under his command.

**Eight Chekiang Notables Ordered Under Arrest**

(From the Chinese Press)

As a consequence of the agitation inaugurated by the Chekiang political radicals against Tuchun Yang Shih-teh, the Military Governor now seeks revenge and has ordered the arrest of eight notables of the provinces, charging them with disturbance of the local peace. Yang ordered the police authorities throughout the province to deal with the accused like brigands and not like political offenders.

The list includes Shen Ting-yi,

speaker of the Chekiang provincial assembly; Cho Yang-kwan, former Tutch of Chekiang; Yi Chung-ching, division commander of the province; Wang Wen-ching, former civil governor; Chu Fu-chen, Senator from Chekiang; Shen Tih-san, recently elected Senator from Chekiang, and Tsang Chung-kan, head of the Chian-chingfu of Peking.

#### Music For Today

The following program will, weather permitting, be played by the Band in the Public Garden tonight, beginning at 9 o'clock:

- 1.—March "The Royal Review" Losey
- 2.—Overture "Charles VI" Halevy
- 3.—Waltz "Les Sirenes" Waldteufel
- 4.—Selection "Iolanthe" Sullivan
- 5.—(a) Song "Farewell" Ancliffe  
(b) Intermezzo "Irwadi" Thurban
- 6.—Polka "Grandmammas" Monckton
- 7.—Waltz "Balabile" Balart
- 8.—Selection "Reminiscences of Scotland" Godfrey

A. de Kryger,  
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#### Dr. Wu to Speak At Club Tiffin Tomorrow

Other Prominent Men Also To Talk Before American University Men

An interesting program has been arranged for the American University Club tiffin to be held at the Carlton Cafe tomorrow, when members and their friends are to have an opportunity of listening to men prominent in Chinese politics. Dr. Wu Ting-fang, Minister of Foreign Affairs, only recently returned to Shanghai; Mr. C. T. Wang, former Vice-Speaker of the Senate, and Mr. T. C. Qu, former secretary to President Li Yuan-hung, are to speak.

A light summer luncheon is to be served at 12.30.

All non-members of the Club who are interested are invited to attend, but as accommodations are somewhat limited they are requested to notify Secretary Schware, care the American Consulate, without delay.

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#### Foreigners in Peking Safe, Balfour Assures

Tells Commons Legations Are Acting To Keep Rail Communications Open

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, July 9.—In the House of Commons today replying to Sir Philip Magnus, the Rt. Hon. A. J. Balfour confirmed the reports that German Agents are spreading falsehoods in Spain and Russia concerning Great Britain, who is represented as endeavoring to produce a revolution in Spain and to restore the monarchy in Russia. He said that both representations were untrue, absurd and inconsistent with the policy of Great Britain, which leaves such countries to manage their own affairs.

Regarding China, Mr. Balfour further said that there was no danger to foreigners. The Legations had warned Peking that communication between the Capital and the sea must be kept open.

#### Ten Serious Robberies In Shanghai In June

One Policeman Killed When Band Loots Exchange Shop

Eight cases of armed robberies, one resulting in the death of a Chinese Police watchman, are recorded in the police report for June. There was also one case of attempted armed robbery and one of highway robbery during the month. Twenty-four arrests have been made in connection with these cases.

The robbery in which the fatality occurred was that of an exchange shop on Markham Road on June 8. The thieves had taken \$160 from the desk and were fleeing when pluckily resisted by the watchman. He was shot through the back and a bystander was mortally wounded.

Two men connected with an armed robbery and attempted murder were executed at the Arsenal during the month.

#### Australian Steamer Has Explosion At Sea

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Melbourne, July 10.—The Federal S. N. Company's 9,000 ton steamer Cumberland, which was bound from Sydney, N.S.W., for England, has been seriously damaged by two explosions in her hold, which rent the vessel so that it had to be beached on Gabo Island.

#### BELGIAN ORPHANS DYING APPEAL FOR AID STATES

Conditions Growing Worse And A Donation Of 6d. Will Save A Child

A strong appeal is being made in behalf of orphaned Belgian children by the Belgian Orphan Fund and the Friends of the Belgium Society, who state that the need in that devastated country has grown appallingly in the last few months.

A circular letter recently sent out reads as follows:

"6d. will Save that Child! "In the provinces of Belgium, now held by the enemy, there are some thousands of little orphan children who must be succored at once. Today they are dying of hunger and disease.

"During this long and rigorous winter their plight has been even more terrible.

"The Belgian Orphan Fund, which has amongst its Patrons the King and Queen of the Belgians and which has for its President Her Royal Highness Princess Henry of Battenberg, makes an urgent appeal for these children.

"Arrangements have been entered into with the excellent Society, the 'Comite National des Orphelins de la Guerre,' Brussels, to secure a personal supervision of each child. The gift of 6d. a day is needed for each one of them, and the name, the address, and if possible the photograph of the little Belgian sufferer will be sent to you.

"The Belgian Orphan Fund is officially approved by the British Government. It is administered without cost by honorary workers. Its Chairman is Mr. E. Pollet, the Consul General for Belgium in London.

"Every day and all day long you see bright, happy and healthy boys and girls. But picture those others in the land of death and hunger living under the great terror. Poor little orphan mites—who can keep that six pence and let one of them die? In this time of death we can all buy a life for 6d. a day till the end of the war!

"Choose a child and become its sponsor.

"Please fill up at once the enclosed form of subscription and beg your friends to help you!"

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## 'COLUMBIA CALLS' IS NATION'S POSTER

Mrs. Halsted's Poem And Picture Used By The War Department

HALF A MILLION ORDERED

Proceeds Of Sale To Home For Orphans Of Soldiers And Sailors

New York, June 3.—The War Department has begun the distribution through the House of Art, 116 West Twenty-ninth Street, of half a million copies of a striking patriotic poster entitled "Columbia Calls." The picture, as well as the poem which is being issued with it, is the work of Frances Adams Halsted, (Mrs. E. Bayard Halsted), and the entire proceeds of the sale of both picture and poem in this and other forms are to be devoted to the establishment of a home for the orphans of American soldiers and sailors, a work which has been a lifelong interest of Mrs. Halsted and to which she is now giving all of her time.

The picture shows Columbia standing on the globe, clad in flowing white robes with a coronet of silver stars in her liberty cap. In her left hand she holds the American flag aloft against a background of deep blue sky; in her right hand is a bare sword. The design was the result of long planning by Mrs. Halsted, but was preceded by a poem also called "Columbia Calls," which was written about a year ago when she became convinced that war with Germany was inevitable. The poem follows:

Awake, ye men, from dreams of peace  
Nor sleep when danger's near,  
But fling Old Glory to the breeze—  
There are no cowards here!  
Our fathers fought; like heroes died,  
For peace their blood they gave  
That honor, home, and peace be ours:  
Awake! thy country save!

Our flag for honor ever stands.  
To lift the weak, to lead the free,  
America, our blessed land,  
Is calling, calling thee.

From North to South, from Sea to Sea,  
I hear the answering cry:  
"Thy sons forever shall be free  
For thee will live and die!"

Then fling Old Glory to the main,  
Beneath her stars enroll,  
For cowardice shall never stain  
The glory of her folds.

The Stars and Stripes shall lead us on  
A mighty host for right—  
That Peace shall reign forevermore  
And war from earth take flight.

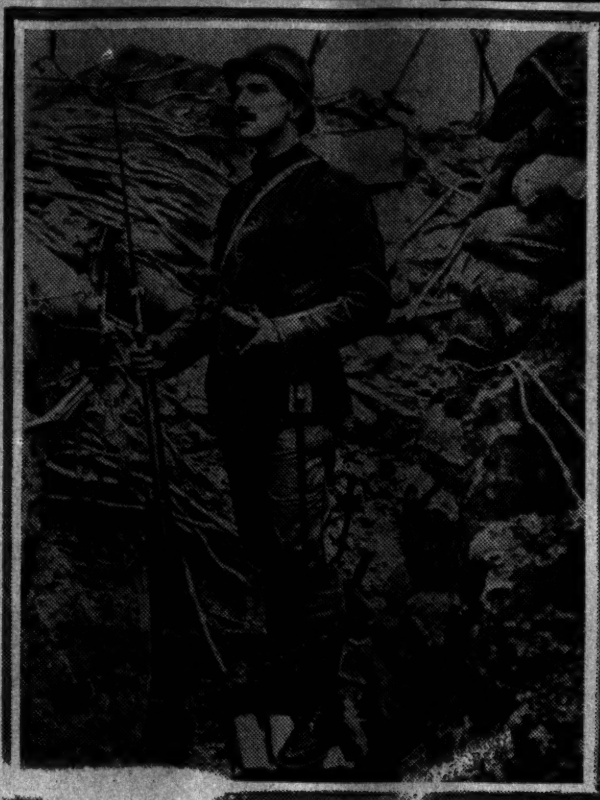
As soon as war was declared Mrs. Halsted offered both the picture and poem to the War Department without charge, and that body decided to distribute both broadcast as stimulation to patriotic sentiment.

Adjutant General McCain wrote: "Permit me to express to you my sincere appreciation of your unselfish efforts in rendering such material and general assistance to the department for the purpose of stimulating recruiting. It gives me great pleasure to express my belief that the appeal of these inspiring posters will bring immediate response. Kindly accept my congratulations upon the success of your efforts to arouse the patriotic spirit of America to a sense of the obligation imposed by the present grave national crisis."

The late Joseph H. Choate wrote: "I am very much obliged to you for your kindness in sending me your delightful picture of 'Columbia Calls' and the truly inspiring verses appended to it. I am confident that you will have the satisfaction of feeling that you have raised many recruits in support of the flag." Other letters expressing appreciation of Mrs. Halsted's service were received from Senator Francis E. Warren, Alton B. Parker, Alexander J. Hemphill, Henry Litchfield West, and Major Louis Livingston Seaman.

Mrs. Halsted is a daughter of the late Francis Adams of Boston and a granddaughter of the late Adam Brown of New Hampshire, well known as a philanthropist, who contributed \$40,000 for the education of children orphaned by a famine in India.

## First American to Enlist In French Foreign Legion



ED. J. BOULIGNY

Edward J. Bouligny, of New Orleans, the first American to enlist in the famous French Foreign Legion for the present war. Bouligny left New Orleans with French reservists in 1914. He has been wounded in action three times and has just returned to the front after six months spent in the

American Hospital at Neuilly. He has been mentioned in despatches for bravery on several occasions and wears the Cross of War with silver star, and has been promoted to sergeant. He will soon leave the Legion to enter the Lafayette Squadron of American aviators fighting for France.

## DENY MUNITIONS SHORTAGE

German Officials Insist They Can Meet All Demands

The Kaiser's army is in no danger of running short of munitions, says a semi-official statement recently furnished to the German press in answer to alleged "efforts of the

English press to spread the rumor that Germany has a shortage of the most important raw materials for the production of high explosives," and quoted in London newspapers.

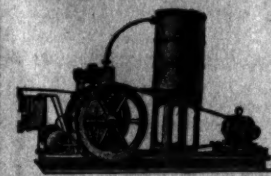
It is asserted that the manufacture of gunpowder and explosives in any quantity has been made certain, and Germany is said to be producing by artificial means larger quantities of

nitrogen than she imported from Chile before the war. The place of cotton in the manufacture of powder has been taken by cellulose. There is now abundance of glycerine, since Germany has succeeded in producing it not from fats, but from other materials of which there is an unlimited supply. It is said that for a long time Germany has been in this respect independent of foreign supplies, and it is added:

"In these circumstances not only has it been possible continually to increase the production of powder explosives up to the present, but Germany at the present moment has reached a stage when production is being increased to an extraordinary extent, and this expansion can be continued as far as we please."

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### THE DEEPENING SHADOW

The Land of Deepening Shadow: Germany at the Third Year of War. By D. Thomas Curtin. New York: George H. Doran Company. \$1.50 gold.

The author of this extremely interesting inside view of Germany at war is a young American, a graduate of Harvard, who has spent most of the time since the outbreak of the war in Germany as correspondent of the Northcliffe papers. His book contains an immense mass of firsthand information of conditions, ideas, methods, purposes in the German Government and among the German people that will well repay the attention of any one who wishes to be adequately informed as to the progress of affairs in that war-torn land whence have come so many unreliable rumors as to have much darkened counsel concerning them in this country. Better than any other wartime writer, Mr. Curtin has given the measure of these people—their measure both spiritually and materially—who are now our enemies, whom we are preparing to fight with all our might. And since thorough knowledge of an enemy is the first essential of efficient warfare, the intimate, first-hand view which he offers ought to have wide reading.

In America perhaps one of the least understood features of the German Nation is its absolute unity in its sanction of the war, the war's purposes, and the methods by which the war is carried on. Mr. Curtin's book leaves no doubt of that fact, and some of its chapters are devoted to an exposition of how that unity has been brought about. It has been created by the Government with definite intention to achieve this very purpose. The schools, the pulpits, the newspapers, the professors' chairs are all so many wheels in a machinery whose motive power is in Berlin, whose purpose is to create blind, unquestioning, fanatic approval, and which never slips a cog. In the schools the children are trained in a creed of state worship, hate of enemies, and adoration of militarism, which poisons their minds from the start. Mr. Curtin quotes the German words and the prose translation of one of the songs sung daily in German schools as follows:

"Over there in the cowardly trenches lies the enemy. We attack him, and

only a dog will say that pardon should be given today. Strike dead everything which prays for mercy. Shoot everything down like dogs. More enemies, more enemies be your prayer in this hour of retribution."

The churches have become a part of the war machine and help to spread the conviction that Germany was attacked by envious nations, who must be hated and despised and destroyed. The professor, who, Mr. Curtin says, "has long been, like the army officer, a semi-deity in Germany," has been enlisted by the Government in the same work. To the professors it sends an "arrangement" of condensed and garbled articles from the English newspapers, which they accept unquestioningly and from which they get their sole information as to the outer world. Mr. Curtin heard a lecture by Professor Sombart of the University of Berlin, in Munich, in which he talked for an hour and a half to a packed audience of the elite of the Bavarian capital on the duty, the pleasure, and the efficiency of hatred. He told his audience that they must hate the very soul of England, hate the essence of everything English; that hatred is the greatest force in the world to overcome tremendous obstacles, and that either one must hate or one must fear. Close attention and nods and sighs of assent during the address were followed by tumultuous applause at its close, and a rush to shower praise and admiration upon the speaker, while Mr. Curtin heard around him such exclamations as "Beautiful!" and "Wonderful!" He also found that facts are misrepresented on official movie films by the German Government in order to create feeling against the enemy. There is a detailed account of how the newspapers are manipulated and made to serve as an "idea factory" for the creation of a unified public opinion. Included in this chapter is considerable information about how some American correspondents in Germany have been seduced into strange ways that throw interesting light upon some remarks Mr. Gerard has recently made on the injury to their country of which some of them have been guilty.

Notwithstanding all this, Mr. Curtin, writing of conditions as late as mid-January, found the beginnings of flows in this universal armor of self-hypnotized satisfaction and faith in victory. There is much significance in his account of the attrition of manpower, the lessening of food, and the shadows that are deepening over the land, although these do not yet seem to be great enough to afford much hope of an early weakening.

### GERMANY

Behind the German Veil: A Record of a Journalistic War Pilgrimage. By J. M. de Beaufort. Illustrated. New York: Dodd, Mead & Co. \$2. gold.

The Ruhlben Prison Camp: A Record of Nineteen Months' Internment. By Israel Cohen. Illustrated. New York: Dodd, Mead & Co. \$2.50 gold.

The German Terror in Belgium: A Historical Record. By Arnold J. Toynbee. Illustrated. New York: George H. Doran Company \$1. gold.

The author of "Behind the German Veil" is an audacious young journalist who understands the full value of bluff in the matter of getting news and frankly lets the reader know just how much he employed that method as he circulated through various parts of Germany in his search after facts. By birth and parentage he is Hollander, but he is American by adoption, and he received his journalistic training in the United States. He speaks with little respect of the usual methods by

which foreign journalists in Germany get their material, and therein he confirms some of the assertions that have recently been made by other American correspondents, who also declined to be hand fed. Mr. de Beaufort says that there are three ways open to a journalist in the Fatherland. One is to throw all self-respect to the winds, take the German view of everything, and, in short, to become a German press agent. The second is to remain quietly in Berlin and at least to pretend to swallow all that is ladled out by the General Staff and the Foreign Office while privately gathering such impressions as constant surveillance leaves possible. The third is to take your liberty in your hand and prowl about the country, going wherever you can slip through, and when you are sent back to Berlin going somewhere else. He found it quite possible to ignore the ever-present "verboten" sign with safety because the German populace so universally respects it that if one is seen on the other side of the sign officials are pretty sure to take it for granted that he has business there.

Mr. de Beaufort bears the same witness to the solidarity of the German Nation that all other correspondents have done who have come into close contact with the people. He says that the people are absolutely at one with the Government and that their confidence in the Kaiser and their admiration for him are unbounded and unshakable. He found the conviction universal that the enemies of Germany had forced the war upon her and that Germany is fighting only because she had to, and he came to the conclusion that if Germany were beaten in the war the people would only rally more firmly than ever around the Government. He quotes one of Hindenburg's staff officers as saying to him that they would not have supposed they could meet successfully so many enemies, adding: "If we are able to accomplish all this unprepared, then, by Heaven! give us a draw now and see what we can do ten years hence!" A section of the book is devoted to general impressions gathered by mixing with all sorts of people in many places. It is full of anecdotes, instances, and descriptions, and offers some of the most interesting first-hand accounts that have come out of Germany. Other sections tell of a trip to the eastern front and a talk with Hindenburg, describe a rather remarkable visit to the fleet and naval harbors and present a long series of interviews with a dozen or more of the men most prominent in German affairs. Mr. de Beaufort writes vivaciously, although somewhat garrulously, and his book is full of interesting matter of much importance for Americans if they would understand the German spirit. He was in Europe as the correspondent of The London Daily Telegraph.

Mr. Cohen was a member for a year and a half of the Ruhlben prison camp wherein are concentrated British civilians in Germany of military age. He was released in June of last year and has since written this very comprehensive and graphic account of the life of the several thousand inmates of the camp. He describes the activities of the prisoners, the food and health conditions, the mental, moral, and spiritual factors, and, in short, makes his book a complete picture of the life as the seasons came and went. He says that whatever has been done to make the burden of internment less unbearable has been the result of the collective efforts of the prisoners themselves, and he speaks feelingly of the tragedies of the situation which are wearing away the physical well-being and even the lives of many of the inmates of the camp.

If there still remains a single American who has any doubts about the atrocities committed by the German Army in Belgium, or is inclined to condone them because they were a part of war, such a one should read with care Mr. Toynbee's little book. Its material has all been co-ordinated from published documents and, therefore, its evidence cannot be frowned down or minimized in any way. He has made every effort to eliminate the subjective influence and to make his narrative absolutely true to facts. The book deals only with the regions overrun by the German armies during the first three months of the war, and the facts are taken from a great variety of sources, including diaries of German soldiers, accounts by eyewitnesses, the Bryce report, various books written by combatants and neutrals.

### AROUND THE WORLD

Around the World Cruise. By Frank Carrel, journalist. Illustrated. Quebec: The Telegraph Printing Company.

Of travel books the number is legion, but each traveler has his own tale to tell, and apparently will always find

his audience awaiting him. The present volume deals with a world tour conducted by a Canadian newspaper before the outbreak of the great war, and seems to have been originally written by Mr. Carrel in installments for his journal.

Starting from Quebec the party traveled to the Pacific Coast and thence to Honolulu, but for the average reader the story does not readily begin till they reach Japan. Emphasizing the foreigner's difficulty of understanding that strange land and people the author quotes the native who said: "When you find in four or five years that you cannot understand the Japanese at all then you will begin to understand them." On the various religious beliefs of the country there are some shrewd observations, but the writer's final opinion is that real religion—as Christians use the term—has neither a deep nor an extensive influence. That Japan has its jingoes as well as America is clearly shown by an extract from an anti-American diatribe, full of rancor and gross exaggeration.

Of China and the Chinese the author gives us a picturesque account, and a contrast is drawn between "the quiet, easy-going ways of the Japanese and the bustling, bustling instincts of the Chinese." "With the educated Chinese," he tells us, "it is no trouble to get along. . . . but with the ignorant classes it is different; they have to be controlled and kept in order with an iron rule."

Americans will find some valuable remarks on our Far Eastern possessions in the author's contrast between the methods of government of Americans, British, and Dutch in their various dependencies. The United States, he says, enforces in the Philippines a much more rigid observance of American laws and customs than does either England or Holland, who allow the natives free scope with regard to their private manner of living. The British, he thinks, are easily the most successful in their dealings with their colonies, with the United States ranking second.

The long chapter on India is, on the whole, the most entertaining of the book, and Mr. Carrel has made a wide survey of the country. He gives us some fascinating glimpses of India's teeming life and bizarre customs and a historical and descriptive account of its many famous temples, mausoleums, and palaces. The book concludes with a brief commentary on Egypt and a description of the return voyage to New York.

### THE GOOD GIRL

The Good Girl. By Vincent O'Sullivan. Boston: Small, Maynard & Co. \$1.50, (gold).

The novel by Vincent O'Sullivan, a young American who has lived chiefly in England and France, was first published in London in 1912. Arrangements are now being made for the presentation here of his work as a whole, and "The Good Girl" is brought out in a new American edition. Meanwhile it has been discussed by critics, and Edward Garnett has assigned to the book and author a definite rating in our literature by saying that "The Good Girl" entitles its author to a place among the first twenty American novelists."

"The Good Girl" is a story of marked skill in character delineation, and of equally marked unpleasantness. Its theme is the by no means novel study of a young man's infatuation for an unworthy woman. Vendred is the child of a fanatically religious, almost cloistered mother, and a self-indulgent and rather brutish father. His own life has been singularly apart from the whirl of the world until he falls in love with the face of a woman, seen across a concert hall. It is perhaps characteristic of Vendred that the woman's face seems to him not only supremely fascinating, but strangely and sadly and immensely good. It is equally characteristic of the complex character that Mr. O'Sullivan has drawn, that when he discovers her to be far from "good" Vendred's devotion suffers no decreasing. He squanders his life as completely as does the hero of "Torrents of Spring" for an infatuation, and the story ends—though somewhat sentimentally—in a hopeless grayness. "The Good Girl" is a thoroughly ugly and depressing story, in which, however, it is interesting to note that the author appears less engrossed in its ugliness than in his characters themselves. Vendred, his enchantress, her gambler husband, and the poor "good girl," her step-daughter, who becomes Vendred's wife, are interestingly drawn.

### HELPING RUSSIAN HARVEST

America Sends Binder Twine and Machinery For New Crops

While the United States is making extraordinary efforts to raise bumper crops here this year, a statement given out by D. E. Casey, agent in charge of the New York office of the

Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, indicates that this country had "done its bit" to insure the successful harvesting of Russia's crops by furnishing adequate supplies of binder twine and harvesting machinery.

"Based on requirements for binder twine in previous years," the statement reads, "it is estimated that a sufficient quantity of American twine has been, or is now being, shipped to Russia to provide amply for the coming crops. The approximate quantity of twine used annually in Russian territory prior to the war has been estimated by a large agricultural machinery company in Petrograd at about 30,000,000 pounds. The consumption of binder twine probably will not be augmented during the war."

"It is estimated that 95 per cent of the binder twine used in Russia is

of sisal fibre and that most of this must be imported. How important is the supply of American twine for the successful harvesting of the Russian crop may be readily seen when it is shown that 85 per cent of all the imported twine used in Russia is of American origin. England has enjoyed a limited trade in binder twine in Russia, and previous to the war the Germans claimed a small market. The American twine is mostly sisal, the Manila fibre having little market in Russia.

"The supply of American harvesting machinery in Russia is likewise depended upon for the successful harvesting of the coming crop. Confining the estimate to the class of machines that use twine, and reckoning the life of a machine at five years, the largest dealer in Russia in American harvesting machinery of this class places the number of machines used in Russia at 120,000, of which 100,000 are American and

20,000 foreign-made. Investigation proves that American harvesting machinery has likewise been sufficiently provided to care for the Russian crops this year."

### HARVARD UNIT NOW ABROAD

Red Cross Base Hospital No. 5 Arrives in England

Washington, May 22.—Arrival in England of the Harvard Medical School unit, officially known as Red Cross Base Hospital No. 5 was announced today in a cablegram to Chairman Davison of the Red Cross War Council.

This unit is commanded by Major Robert U. Patterson of the Army Medical Corps, with Dr. Harvey Cushing as Director, and is the second to arrive of six base hospitals ordered to France by the American Red Cross. It includes a score of surgeons and physicians, sixty-five nurses and 150 enlisted men of the Army Medical Corps.

## A HIGH ENDORSEMENT

THE LETTER BELOW WAS RECEIVED FROM THE MANAGER OF ONE OF THE LARGEST BUSINESS HOUSES IN CHINA

INTERNATIONAL SAVINGS SOCIETY,

5 Avenue Edouard VII, Shanghai

Dear Sirs,

A few days past your Representative called and requested that I give him permission to solicit my employees during office hours, he having found it difficult to obtain their residential addresses.

As I am the owner of several I.S.S. Premium Bonds and believe that they offer an A No. 1 investment, I take pleasure in giving permission as requested, and feel that anything I can do to promote saving among my employees will bring better results to both them and myself.

Very sincerely yours,

THE ORIGINAL OF THIS LETTER IS ON FILE AT OUR OFFICE

### WHY

did this businessman write the above letter?

### THIS IS THE REASON

The man who can train himself to look forward to the future, to make preparations that will benefit him in later years, demonstrates an ability which every employer should encourage.

To save money is a most essential preparation for the future, it teaches economy and trains the man to learn the value of waste, not only of the money he may waste but of the time wasted without any thought of to-morrow. If a man trains himself he can't help but apply the same training in his work: therefore he is more valuable to both himself and his employer.

### I.S.S. PREMIUM BONDS HELP YOU TO TEACH YOURSELF TO SAVE

They may well be called "COMPULSORY SAVING."

You invest \$12.00 monthly as a payment on a \$2,000 Bond and at the completion of the payments you are returned your \$2,000 plus a share of the Company's Profits on Investments, and at the same time you have an opportunity each month of being returned from \$12.00 to \$2,000 which might be called extra interest.

After the 2nd year, the Bonds have a surrender value

AT THE DRAWING ON MONDAY, JULY 16, AT 3 P. M.

MORE THAN \$10,000.00 will be distributed

All Bonds participate in each drawing. 10 Per Cent of Total Bonds are awarded a return at each drawing. Bondholders and the public are invited to attend the drawing.

Bonds in force July 10, 1917, \$6,648,000.00

### INTERNATIONAL SAVINGS SOCIETY

5 Avenue Edouard VII

L. C. Winters,

J. Beudin and M. Speelman,

Special Representative

General Managers.



## SAMSON'S TOMB IN PATH OF THE BRITISH

English Advance Over Land In  
Jerusalem Where Ancient  
Giant Performed Feats

Washington, D. C., June 2.—"In advancing upon Gaza, an ancient city of Palestine, three miles inland from the Mediterranean and about fifty miles southwest of Jerusalem, the British forces in the Near East are fighting over territory which was the scene of the spectacular exploits of the great judge of Israel, Samson, more than 1,000 years before the Christian era," says a war geography bulletin of the National Geographic Society.

"Gaza was one of the five great cities of the Philistines, having risen to commercial importance on account of its situation at the juncture of the trade routes between Egypt and Babylonia, Elath and Arabia. Its seaport was Majumas, re-named Constantine many centuries later by Constantine."

"During the heyday of Gaza's prosperity the Philistines were a powerful and warlike people, their soldiers being equipped with copper helmets, coats of mail, javelins and long lances, each man thus accoutred being accompanied into battle by a shield bearer. The light-armed soldiers were archers."

"After the Israelites conquered it, Gaza was a prey to Assyrians, Babylonians and Persians. It resisted the Greeks under Alexander the Great for several months. More than two centuries later it was destroyed by Alexander Jannaeus, the Jewish king. Subsequently a new Gaza, some distance south of the old city, was built and was presented by Emperor Augustus to King Herod. Upon the latter's death it became a part of the Roman province of Syria."

"Up to the days of Constantine Gaza was one of the chief strongholds of paganism, the god Mars being worshipped there until the beginning of the fifth century. In the seventh century came the Arabs, and the Moslems still venerate it as the place of burial of Mohammed's grandfather. The Crusaders under Baldwin II. tried to revive its former glory, but without success, and twenty years after their erection of a military stronghold there Saladin plundered the town. Napoleon captured Gaza in 1799."

"One of the points of interest pointed out to tourists is the tomb of Samson, but there is no evidence to show that the site is authentic. El Muntar, 'the watch tower,' is thought to be the eminence to which the strong man of Israel took the doors of the gate of the city and the two poets. He went away with them, bar and all, and carried them up to the top of a hill that is before Hebron."

"It was in Gaza also that the final tragic chapter in Samson's life was enacted. And Samson said: 'Let me die with the Philistines, so runs the Biblical account. And he bowed himself with all his might, and the house fell upon the lords, and upon all the people that were therein. So the dead which he slew at his death were more than they which he slew in his life.'"

"Gaza is today a city of some 40,000 inhabitants. The chief industry of the community is the manufacture of a peculiar black pottery. Barley is raised extensively nearby and exported to England. The bazaars and the apparel of the Moslem women are strongly suggestive of Egypt."

## News Brevities

The meeting of the Census committee in the American military training and registration move was postponed yesterday and will take place this afternoon at 5.15 in Major Holcomb's office.

The American steamer Don Niel is aground off Square Island, according to reports by the Hsin Peking.

The Banque Industrielle de Chine is paying a dividend of eight per cent for the last year, according to a telegram received here from the head office in Paris.

Mr. R. F. Inman, of Messrs. Holme, Ringer and Co., Nagasaki, died in Yokohama July 7, according to reports just received. Mr. Inman had been suffering from heart trouble at intervals for the past year and on June 27, with Mrs. Inman and their daughter, left on the Shinyo Maru for San Francisco for his health. He was in a greatly weakened condition and at Yokohama physicians advised his removal to the General Hospital. Mr. Inman was a native of England and had lived in Nagasaki nearly twenty years, being on the staff of Messrs. Holme, Ringer and Co. for the past fifteen years. He married Miss Dow, daughter of former English residents of Shanghai, in 1903. He was chairman of the Nagasaki Club, a trustee of the English church, hon. secretary and treasurer of the Patriotic League of Britons Overseas, and the senior P. M. of Lodge Nagasaki.

Hearing of the case of Hong Chitsu who is being tried in the Mixed Court in connection with the assassination of Sung Chao-jen, former cabinet minister, was postponed yesterday owing to the illness of Mr. R. F. C. Master, counsel for the prosecution.

The Shanghai-Hangchow-Ningpo Railway administration announces the resumption of the usual services, as the transportation of troops from Hangchow to Nanking is now completed.

Next Saturday, July 14, is to be "Red Cross Day" at Sullivan's, when half the gross receipts will be given to the French Red Cross. The attractions will be an American Soda fountain and delicious American candies.

## 'The Fanatic' at the Isis

The Shanghai Isis Theater presents tonight "The Fanatic," the great serial film, in 16 episodes. The film has been novelized by the famous author, Louis Tracy, and stars the celebrated dramatic artist, Edwin Stevens, in the role of Kaffr-Kan, the fanatic, supported by Florence Malone and Margaret Gale and an excellent company.

The scenes range from the Orient to New York, employing thousands of people. Good comedies are also being shown.

## Powhattan Club Prizes

Following are the results of the 3rd drawing of the Powhattan Club War Savings Association Raffle which took place on July 9:

1st Prize won by No. 40 Foochow  
2nd Prize won by No. 17 Shanghai  
3rd Prize won by No. 199 Mukden  
4th Prize won by No. 83 Shansi

## SPORTS

## Latest News of Athletic World

## GOSSIP

## FIRST SWIMMING GALA HELD BY ROWING CLUB

Interesting Events With Close  
Finishes Provide Good  
Sport For Crowd

The first midweek gala of the Shanghai Rowing Club was held last evening before a goodly crowd of spectators including a large proportion of women.

Mr. W. J. Gande, who adjusted the impost, was most successful with his first effort as handicapper and brought off very close finishes in the three heats and final of the one-length races.

Messrs. R. W. MacCabe and C. V. Jensen officiated as judges. The diving (running headers from spring-board) brought out only five competitors, but all were of a high standard. Brodie was best but got only 3rd place, as he was heavily handicapped.

The Flying Squadron Team Race was well contested.

The last event on the program was a water polo match, ably refereed by Mr. T. A. Macdonald.

The detailed results:—

One Length Handicap  
Heat 1:—  
W. M. S. Brand (7 secs.) ..... 1  
E. T. Nash (4 secs.) ..... 2  
E. A. Brodie (scr.) ..... 3  
Time:—23.2.5 secs.

Heat 2:—  
A. E. Donald (6 secs.) ..... 1  
A. Goldman (3 secs.) ..... 2  
K. Mansfield (1 sec.) ..... 3  
E. G. Barnes (7 secs.) ..... 0  
Time:—23.2.5 secs.

Heat 3:—  
K. H. Gardner (3 secs.) ..... 1  
M. R. Gordon (7 secs.) ..... 2  
J. L. Cowan (4 secs.) ..... 3  
Time:—23.2.5 secs.

Final Heat:—  
Goldman ..... 1  
Gardner ..... 2  
Donald ..... 3  
Time:—23.1.5 secs.

Running Headers  
K. H. Gardner ..... 1  
A. Goldman ..... 2  
E. A. Brodie ..... 3  
M. R. Gordon ..... 0  
A. E. Donald ..... 0

The flying squadron team race was a ding-dong contest all the way through. The teams were:—Brand, Bertes, Nash, Agassiz and Mansfield (on the creek side) and Gordon, Donald, Cowan, Goldman and Brodie (on the road side). The former were victorious by a couple of seconds. Each man swam one length of the bath.

The water polo game was between two sides captained by Messrs. H. D. Rodger and R. W. MacCabe, respectively. There were eight players on each side, which more or less demoralized the game and the exhibition was pretty poor throughout, even for the initial game of the season. Only three players acquitted themselves at all well, viz., J. S. Agassiz, (left forward), K. H. Gardner (goal) and especially E. G. Barnes (goal).

The last-named played one of the best games as custodian ever witnessed in the Rowing Club tank, particularly in the second half, when in defending the shallow end he was subjected to a continual bombardment by MacCabe's forwards, notably Agassiz, who tested him with every kind of shot, and only got past his defence on one occasion. For a new hand in that position Gardner was also a great success as goalie, and stopped some stingers from Brodie and Rodger. Agassiz played a superior game both halves and would have scored more had he been properly fed by the backs. As it was, in the first half E. T. Nash scored for Rodger's side.

no other goal being recorded in the opening period. In the second half Agassiz equalised, but Rodger put his side once more ahead just before full time.

Mr. T. A. Macdonald wielded the whistle and flags to every one's satisfaction.

The team to represent the Rowing Club in water polo against the International Swimming Club at the Municipal bath tomorrow night will be chosen from among the following players—all of whom are requested to be at the tank not later than 9.30 p.m.:—E. G. Barnes, I. D. Macdonald, J. S. Agassiz, W. J. Gande, R. W. MacCabe, E. A. Brodie, H. D. Rodger, T. A. Macdonald, E. T. Nash, K. Mansfield, A. Goldman, A. E. Donald, M. R. Gordon, and L. Bertes.

## Police Swimming Meet

The Police Swimming Club held its first meeting of the summer yesterday morning. A good program was run off. The results follow:

One Length Breast stroke.—1st Heat:—J. Wilson, 1st; H. Jefferson, 2nd.

2nd Heat:—J. Hunter, 1st; P. S. Page, 2nd.

Final:—J. Hunter, 1st; P. S. Page, 2nd. Time: 23.2.5.

One Length Blindfold Race.—J. Wilson, 1st; H. Jefferson, 2nd. Time: 23.4.5.

With a change to even up the series by winning today's game, the Red Sox team is prepared to put up a strong argument when it meets the Blue hosed club mates at 4.30. The games stand 3 to 2 in favor of the latter organization just now.

On Saturday the protested Independence Day game for the Challenge Cup is to be played off between All-Navy and All-Shanghai.

## Reds Out To Even Up Series With Blues Today

Games Now Stand 3 And 2;  
Contest Called For 4.30

With a change to even up the series by winning today's game, the Red Sox team is prepared to put up a strong argument when it meets the Blue hosed club mates at 4.30. The games stand 3 to 2 in favor of the latter organization just now.

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## The China Press

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR  
EXCEPT ON MONDAYS AND HOLIDAYS

THE CHINA PRESS Incorporated  
Delaware, Publishers

### WEATHER

A depression (likely a typhoon) is on the Pacific to the East of the Philippines threatening these islands and Formosa. Local thunderstorms. (Many telegrams are lacking.)

### BIRTH

SHELLIM: On July 7th, 1917, at the Victoria Nursing Home, to Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Shellim, a son. 14445

### IMPARTIAL AND PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, JULY 12, 1917

### First Of All Airplanes

(New York Times)

SECRETARY Baker and Brig. Gen. Squier, Chief of the Signal Corps, are planning the creation and equipment of a great American airplane force. By no other means can we so quickly or so surely render valuable aid to our allies. Development of this force, in fact, has been under way for some time, but on too small a scale. The Government has been striving to atone for our neglect of an invention which has proved to be of prime importance in modern warfare, but the appropriations for military air service have been entirely too small. To render effective service we must train 10,000 aviators and build not fewer than 40,000 airplanes. The experts of the Aero Club of this city calculate that one airplane is needed to train one aviator. This is a fair average, as the flying machines in active use are short lived. Three planes are needed to equip each trained aviator. It is the idea of the Aero Club that at first we should concentrate our energies on the building of machines. This Signal Corps, with the aid of the Council of Defense, has located and listed all the manufacturing plants in this country in which airplanes can be built. These include the automobile factories and many of the larger furniture factories. The building of training machines will expedite at home the education of aviators, while those that we can quickly send abroad will release hundreds of British and French machines for actual war service. Airplanes can be rapidly built. We have the aviation fields and the hangars. We have the men. Money is all that is lacking and the people of this country expect the vast sums to be raised by bond sales and heavy taxation to be expended to the best advantage for the earliest possible conclusion of the war. We ought to be doing good service to the cause of world democracy on the western front in France and Belgium before next winter. The 100 American naval aviators who arrived in England simultaneously with General Pershing will probably be employed in the operations against German submarines, but the need of aircraft reinforcements on land is equally great, and our allies know, through the heroic achievements of the Lafayette Escadrille, what trained American aviators can do as scouts and as destroyers of enemy planes and ammunition stores.

In the operations south of Ypres the British triumph has been largely due to success in the air. The German gunners were blinded by the courageous and skillful aviators of the British Army, who destroyed many German planes, and by wireless telegraphy informed the British gunners of the German positions. In the German death lists the names of many aviation officers are conspicuous. Germany can no longer boast of supremacy in the air. English and French aviators have outdone hers, and Americans will do as well when they have the chance. It is a noteworthy fact, too, that so far as the Allies are concerned casualties among the aviators are the smallest. The medical service suffers more. We cannot do our plain duty in reinforcing the allied air service, however, until Congress appropriates money enough to permit us to expedite preparations on a large scale. An immediate appropriation of \$500,000,000 has been urged, but fully \$1,000,000,000 will be required to enable the American air service in France to put this country foremost in a branch of warfare in which it should be supreme.

## German News From Alsace-Lorraine

The President Of The Landtag Lower House Expresses, Not His Own, But Prussian Thoughts

By Jonas Lippmann

(Formerly of the Journal d'Alsace)

The Imperial German Government, backed by the reptilian press, is again indulging in its favorite game of deception and misrepresentation. The latest attempt in that direction is the cabled report, published in the leading American newspapers, of the opening session of the Landtag of Alsace-Lorraine. Contrary to precedent, that announcement was not made for home consumption. The object in flashing this news broadcast was primarily to impress upon the "Idiotic Yankees," to use the language of Captain von Papen, the former German military attaché, that there is no Alsace-Lorraine question so far as the inhabitants of those provinces are concerned, and furthermore, to tell Americans to mind their own business in view of the President's recent statement that "small people, in the future, shall not be sold, transferred, or delivered without the consent of the governed."

In order to expose to the American reader this latest specimen of infamy "made in Germany," a few words of explanation are necessary.

The Landtag of Alsace-Lorraine is a product of the Simill Constitution adopted in 1911. It is composed of two chambers which, let us call, for the sake of illustration, the Senate and the House. The Senate is composed of forty-six members, one-half of whom are appointed by the Kaiser; the other half chosen from constituted bodies such as the university, the religious denominations, the Chamber of Commerce, the Council of Agriculture, the Municipal Councils (Boards of Aldermen) from Strasbourg, Metz, Mulhouse, and Colmar. Therefore, not one of the members composing this Senate comes direct from the people, not one of them is elected, but all of them are appointed, so that a session of this upper house resembles a reunion de famille, a family gathering strongly permeated with the Hohenzollern atmosphere. Had the cabled announcement been made in that body it would not have had the same weight of importance as if made in the lower house, presided over by Dr. George Ricklin.

The lower house or Zweite Kammer, as it is officially called, is composed of members elected by universal suffrage direct, equal, and secret. Therefore, any proposition or demand formulated in that lower house reflects in ordinary times the sentiments of the electors, of the people. When Dr. Ricklin, the President of that Chamber, stated in his opening speech that "We Alsatians reject everything which is allegedly undertaken to better our lot," and further that "We make this confession of faith in the face of the whole world," these sentiments are supposedly the sentiments of the Alsatians, who elected the men who chose Dr. Ricklin as their President.

Do the utterances of Dr. Ricklin conform to present or past conditions? Alsace-Lorraine today is in a worse situation than was plucky little Belgium in that fatal month of August, 1914. Hundreds of prominent Alsatians have been arrested and are wasting away in German prisons, others have been and are being summarily executed for "treason," still others are submitting to such moral tortures as can only be devised and invented by the diabolical Prussian mind. Others again who are under suspicion of being pro-French, who may have a member of their family fighting for France, are compelled to wear on their outer garment a tag on which are printed the two letters "F. F.," which stand for the two words: "Franzosen Feindlich," friendly to the French. All those wearing that tag, men and women, are practically ostracised, no one being allowed to speak to them, except by special permission.

That measure is part of the indescribable and undefinable regime of terror that obtains in Alsace. Well did the former Secretary for Foreign Affairs at Berlin, Dr. von Jagow, say: "Im Elsass sind unsere Leute im Feinde's Land," literally translated: "In Alsace our people are in the enemy's country." What higher compliment of patriotism could any Alsatian expect, and that after forty-seven years of annexation!

Any one who knows Dr. Ricklin and is familiar with the abominable conditions under which our brethren in Alsace are living knows beyond any doubt that the very words of his opening address are not the expression of his views, are not the sentiments of the Alsatian people, but that those words were forced upon him. Had he refused to say anything favorable to Germany he would have been quickly arrested and either shot or sent to a German prison hole. The very fact that the same cable reporting the speech of Dr. Ricklin also mentions the comments of the German press expressing its joy over the event must prove conclusively to an impartial mind that the entire incident was created to poison the minds of the delegates of the Stockholm Conference and to furnish arguments for our own pacifists and anti-conscription advocates here.

Dr. Ricklin could not have meant what the cable reports him as having said, because that gentleman is an Alsatian from old Alsatian stock; he is a native of Dannemarie, in German Dammerkirch, situated between Altkirch and Mulhouse. That strip of territory is the staunchest friend France possesses in Alsace.

And never will one find an Alsatian, of Alsatian parents, who does not want to be "liberated." A statement to the contrary is a slur on our manhood, an insult to our intelligence, and a stain on our national character. The restoration of martyred Alsace-Lorraine to France is not annexation. It is restitution.

## Captain Persius Praises U-Boat Crews

Under the title "The Hardships of the U-Boat Service" Captain L. Persius, the leading German naval writer, contributed the following article to a recent issue of the Berliner Tageblatt. This article serves clearly to indicate how the leading German writers are striving to bolster up the German courage in the eventual success of U-Boat warfare:

"At present the crews of the German submarines are the objects of particularly warm interest.

"Of course, their heroic activities have been followed with undiminished attention ever since that notable 22nd of September, 1914, when the never-to-be-forgotten Weddigen sent three English armored cruisers to the bottom of the North Sea with well-aimed torpedoes from the U-9. That the 'David,' the little submarine, is able to give the death blow to the huge 'Goliath,' the battleship, and that it possesses powers far exceeding the expectations placed upon this most modern instrument of battle before the war, has been proved by the torpedoing of the ships of the line before the Dardanelles, which put an end to the entire Anglo-French undertaking, in particular, and furthermore by the sinking of many other enemy warships.

"But the U-boats have made themselves the center of attraction only since they have shown their effectiveness in the warfare on commerce. Here an entirely new field was opened to them. On October 26, 1914, the British merchantman Glitra fell a victim to a U-boat (U-17) southwest of Skudenes on the Norwegian coast. This was the first destruction of a merchant ship by a submarine. Soon others followed on the Atlantic coast of France, in the Irish Channel, &c. The world stared in surprise. The U-boats were attacking the enemy's commerce. That was a novelty never anticipated. During the two and a half years that have passed the feeling of certitude has grown more definite from month to month that the U-boat may be destined to cut off the main artery even of Great Britain that rules the seas, through the tying up of her imports, and that thus the U-boat points to the way in which the 'freedom of the seas' may be insured in the future.

"If the people whose existence is most closely connected with the interrupted importation of foodstuffs from over the sea sees that for its own life it must move for the undisturbed peaceful use of the seas even in war times, then the last barrier will fall—i.e., all the paragraphs contrary to civilization, those speaking of prizes, privateering, contraband, &c., must be removed from sea law; in short, the principle that ought to be taken for granted by civilized nations that private property may not be destroyed on the water, as it may not be infringed upon on land in time of war, will be recognised.

### Praise Of Submarine Crews

"The men who are helping create this condition desired in the interests of humanity and the development of culture are the crews of the U-boats. Of course, in order to carry out their task, they need instruments, vessels, and weapons of the most cunning construction. The creators of these things, the shipbuilders and engineers, must not be forgotten when the triumphs of the submarine weapon are brought to mind. Only after war will it be recognised to its full extent that the German people owe to its U-boat builders and to the constructors of the many pieces of machinery concealed in the U-boats, and what almost incredible technical progress has been made in Germany since the Fall of 1914, not only in the perfection of products, but also in the rapidity with which the desires of the front have been fulfilled. Any one who might be permitted to raise the curtain just a little and to penetrate the veil that now naturally covers everything connected with U-boat construction would be overwhelmed with the extent of what has been created by German science in every necessary line.

"But the most excellent weapon is of no use by itself. It must be placed in the hands of men who know how to handle it. In fact, the capability of the modern U-boat, born in German shipyards, is unlimited. But the capability of the U-boat personnel is also unlimited. Germany witnesses the successes of the U-boats almost daily. We all read about the daring deeds of the U-boats. So no doubt everybody has formed a picture of the life of the brave fellows upon whom the hopes of Germany are now built. Certainly, this picture will resemble the reality in but few cases. But that doesn't hurt the matter any. Ad-

miration for the U-boat men will always form the background, and the U-boat men deserve this admiration to the highest degree.

"A seaman's lot is never easy. Night and day he is separated from a watery grave only by a thin plank. And yet his existence seems like paradise compared with that of the U-boat man. This man dispenses with what every child of man regards as indispensable for life—light and air. When the road to hades gapes for the U-boat man it leads through darkness and torment. He knows that he is threatened most by a slow death through suffocation. Everybody else—with exceptions like stokers, men in the magazines, and some others—enjoys the fresh air and looks up and sees above him the broad canopy of heaven when in the roar of the battle he must enter the gates of the Great Beyond. Indeed, in every case, 'Dulce et decorum est pro patria mori.' But our sympathies will be more deeply moved when we think of the death of the U-boat man.

### Life On A U-Boat

"Of course the U-boat man also sees some of the bright side of life, and it would be wrong to pass by without noting this. On board a big battleship the individual is more or less lost in the crowd. He is only one among the more than 1,100 men composing the crew of a modern ship of the line. On board the U-boat every one is an important personality. There are rarely more than thirty men in a high seas U-boat. So every one, be he sailor or officer, has several duties to perform; so every one is fully acquainted with all the numerous mechanisms and expert in their use. The commander, watch officer, and chief engineer know every one of their men thoroughly. They stand in a comradely relationship to them, they share their sufferings and joys in every way. Their food is all cooked in the same kettle and gift cigarettes of the same brand are found between their lips when the boat bobs up for a brief rest and the weather permits. Below decks smoking is not allowed. To be sure, the commander has a tiny little room of his own—in which to write his official reports, &c.

"But the lack of light and air, the absence of every comfort, the dangers that constantly menace them every hour, yes, every minute, are the common lot of all U-boat men. There is, however, greater responsibility upon the officers and the chief engineers, although every single U-boat man, sailor and officer alike, knows that oftentimes a slight oversight or a false move will seal the fate of himself and his comrades.

"The most careful selection among the volunteers, who are always offering themselves in great numbers for the U-boat service, is just as important as the long period of training during which the U-boat aspirants are schooled in every branch of their difficult service. They must all be in superior health and be what they call 'fixe Kerle'—i.e., quick in perception and decision, never timid or hesitating, skilled, and also infinitely serious in their conception of duty, dependable and steadfast. The sailor must be a 'thoroughbred seaman,' the officer a perfect mechanic.

"The members of the crews are trained at the U-boat school. There they become acquainted with all the very complicated apparatus, the expert use of which forms the basis for every success. The pupils are made familiar with the instruments that show the condition of the atmosphere, the trim of the boat and the height and depth, with the functions of the numerous valves, slides and levers, &c., and with the safety and the life-saving apparatus, a thorough knowledge of which is indispensable for every U-boat man. In addition to these general points, the U-boat sailor must, besides his ordinary qualities of seamanship, have skill in navigation, in signaling, in serving and launching torpedoes, and in handling the deck guns and their ammunition, while the officer must understand the care of the engines that drive the U-boat above and below the water well enough to enable him, in case of necessity, to take the place of the engineers and, if possible, that of the chief engineer.

"Correspondingly greater demands are made upon the officers and the engineers. Every U-boat commander is almost a superman. He must possess extraordinary gifts of both an intellectual and physical kind if he wants to fill his post with success. To him belongs a quite special talent. The officers corps of the German Navy includes a number of such 'supermen.' These U-boat commanders are re-inforced by an excellent body of engineers, whose loyalty has more than once demanded unlimited recognition.

"The U-boat commander and chief engineer, manager of the boat and commander of the weapons on board and manager of the engines—that is, the forces that give life to the boat—are supported by a personnel of sailors and officers capable and filled with the joy of service. They all blend in a whole that firmly binds 'a row of brothers' in danger and distress, and that, in a pitiless fate so decides, maintains its firmness in loyal comradeship in death itself."

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## Dutch Split Food Exports

"Every consignment of Dutch cattle exported to Germany costs the lives of sons of France," recently declared a French writer. "The British blockade of Germany is still being evaded by the weakness of the Foreign Office's policy," constantly reiterates some London papers.

A Dutch authority writing from The Hague states that, while the vast transit trade over Holland into Germany has long since been cut off by the British fleet, with the exception of insignificant quantities of goods smuggled across the frontiers, Germany is still obtaining considerable supplies of needed goods from Holland, the produce of Dutch farms and market gardens, butter, cheese, eggs, milk, vegetables, meat, bacon and the like, as well as fish, but a radical alteration has been brought about in the division of the country's surplus products.

Up to the middle of last year the high prices offered by Germany and Austria were drawing the bulk of Holland's surplus produce over her eastern frontier, and trade with Britain had fallen almost to the vanishing point.

Holland was running a great risk of losing its old British customers permanently, and it became evident that the country's overseas supplies of fodder grain might be cut off if these continued to be merely converted into food for Germany.

The result was a decision to divide the country's surplus food between the Entente Allies and the Central Powers in the same proportion as

before the war, and an Agricultural Export Bureau was established to control that task.

Under an agreement with the semi-official British and General Trading Association, it has been despatching for months certain fixed proportions of foodstuffs to the British market, France or the Belgian Relief Commission, while the rest goes to the German Trade Trust by the medium of the Central Purchasing Company, which monopolises the import of virtually all foodstuffs into Germany. What part of these latter goods going eastward reach Austria is not known.

Of butter, one-fourth goes to Britain and three-quarters to Germany; of cheese, a third to Great Britain, and the rest to Germany; bacon, pork and other meat, half to each; vegetables, a quarter to Great Britain and three-quarters to Germany; milk, three-quarters to Britain and a quarter to Germany; potatoes and potato flour, half to each; eggs, up to a quarter to Britain and the rest to Germany. No arrangement has yet been come to in regard to the sugar crop, but probably half will go each way.

Despite ruthless submarining, the exports to Britain are proceeding as usual. Incidentally, the Dutch hit upon a way to discourage the taking of their boats to Zebrugge by German naval forces. Any England-bound food cargoes, so captured, are reckoned as if they had been exported over Holland's eastern frontier, and the direct exports to Germany reduced proportionately.



# Bringing Up Father



By George McManus



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## Unpopular Songs - By W. F. Kirk

Let's Play The Phonograph Awhile

Within a swell apartment where the steam heat filled the air,  
A fair young wife was gazing at her husband standing there.  
The husband had a hangdog look, a look of dread disgrace,  
Like many gents who dare not look their yelpmates in the face.  
And as she started in to say, "Well, tell me where you've been!"  
That gent did answer quickly as the phonograph he seen.

REFRAIN.

"Let's play the phonograph awhile,  
Let's hear them voices great—  
The songs that Mother used to sing  
When Father came home late!  
For music charms the savage heart  
And makes all anger flee.  
Let's give the phonograph a start  
Before you start on me!"

II.

That stern wife stood in silence, then said, "We'll play instead  
This record I had meant to crack upon your noble head."  
She put the record in its place and through the pulsing air  
A song ran out, "Go Home, Old Scout! Your Wife Is Waiting There!"  
The tears came to the husband's eyes, "I'll roam no more," he cried,  
"Our war is over—I'll roam no more!" And once again he sighed.

(REFRAIN.)

## The Army Mule Comes Into Its Own

By Roy K. Moulton

Now that the great American mule is going to fight for his own country at last, it is to be hoped that there will be a new light in his downcast eye and an improvement in his morbid disposition. The hurry-up call was sent out last week for 250,000 mules for the use of the American army in the field, and the drafting of these stubborn but courageous patriots will be under way within a few days. Life does not begin to take on a roseate tinge for this faithful patriot until he is in the thick of battle.

During the Civil War he fought four long years. During the Spanish-American war he swarmed over Cuba like a pest of grasshoppers. In times of peace the mule is moody, morose and morbid. He expresses dissatisfaction with the sedentary life by kicking the haired man through the side of the barn or biting an occasional important piece of mechanism out of the traction engine or the harvester. His soul longs for conquest and he is happiest when he is tugging a piece of siege artillery up the side of a perpendicular mountain, or kicking up his heels in disdain in the face of the enemy. The smell of powder is as a pungent restorative in his nostrils. It is the tobacco of life.

The mule expresses happiness upon these occasions. He expresses it by singing. He has a loud lyric tenor voice, and when he raises his tail to a perpendicular position it is a sign that he is about to serenade the enemy with a ballad of conquest. He cannot sing if his tail is not held in this position. He howls forth his defiant "hee-haw," and with every "hee" and every "haw" the tail genuflects in perfect rhythm. When the army does not want the mule to sing his song a heavy weight is tied to his tail. A mule in that position is a pathetic figure, just bursting with song but unable to express it vocally without working his caudal appendage in the fashion of a pump handle. One mule with an army can, through song, indicate the army's position to the enemy, although the latter may be scattered over a wide sector twenty-five miles away.

The mule is valuable at the front for the reason that it is practically impossible to kill him by shooting him. A mere shower of bullets is no more to him than the dropping of the April dew. There have been instances it is believed, where projectiles from one of those 42-centimeter guns have put a mule out of the firing line for an hour or two, but after a brief rest the mule is as good as ever.

A mule will work twenty-four hours a day hauling cannon through mud that is knee-deep and will smile the glad sweet smile of perfect contentment. When they finally coax

him back to the corral he calls it the end of a perfect day. But if the same mule is put to following the pursuits of peace by yanking a cultivator through thin soil for five or six hours he develops a grouch which none can pacify.

But we must put up with his little peculiarities. He has done a great deal for this country. For nearly three years they have been sending

him across the sea to fight the battles of alien powers, but now, that he is fighting for his own country again, he has struck his gait. His happy time has come at last. When there is trouble on hand the American mule is always appreciated. No doubt the 250,000 will respond quickly to the country's call, and there will probably be 500,000 more kicking because they can't go with the expedition.

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Cathay, ordy	Tls. 6 B.
<b>Marine Insurances</b>	
Canton	Tls. 342 1/2
North China	Tls. 140 S.
Union of Canton	Tls. 790
Yangtze	\$192 1/2 B.
<b>Fire Insurances</b>	
China Fire	\$143 B.
Hongkong Fire	Tls. 327 1/2
<b>Shipping</b>	
Indo-China Pref.	Tls. 100
Indo-China Def.	120s. B.
Shanghai Tug (C)	Tls. 15 1/2 B.
Shanghai Tug (F)	Tls. 50 S.
Kochien	Tls. 32 1/2 B.
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Kaiping	Tls. 9.60
Oriental Cons.	27s. 6d.
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Raub	\$2.45
<b>Docks</b>	
Hongkong Dock	\$116
Shanghai Dock	Tls. 94 B.
New Eng. Works	Tls. 12 1/2 B.
<b>Wharves</b>	
Shanghai Wharf	Tls. 71 B.
Hongkong Wharf	Tls. 74
<b>Lands and Hotels</b>	
Anglo French Land	Tls. 83 1/2 B.
China Land	Tls. 50
Shanghai Land	Tls. 80 1/2 B.
Waihaiwei Land	Tls. 3
Shanghai Hotels Ltd.	\$9 B.
China Realty (ord.)	Tls. 50
China Realty (pref.)	Tls. 50
<b>Cotton Mills</b>	
E-wu	Tls. 155 B.
E-wu Pref.	Tls. 100
International	Tls. 92
International Pref.	Tls. 68
Laou-kung-mow	Tls. 70
Oriental	Tls. 38
Shanghai Cotton	Tls. 124 1/2 B.
Kung Yik	Tls. 14 1/2 B.
Yangtsepo	Tls. 5.60 B.
Yangtsepo Pref.	Tls. 100
<b>Industrials</b>	
Butler Tile	Tls. 23
China Sugar	\$100
Greep Island	Tls. 7.40
Langkats	Tls. 15 1/2 B.
Major Bros.	Tls. 5
Shanghai Sumatra	Tls. 145
<b>Stores</b>	
Hall and Holtz	\$16 1/2
Llewellyn	\$90
Lane, Crawford	\$95 B.
Moutrie	\$45
Watson	\$6 B.
Weeks	Tls. 15 1/2 B.
<b>Rubbers (Local)</b>	
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Amherst	Tls. 1 S.
Anglo-Java	Tls. 9.60 B.
Anglo-Dutch	Tls. 4 1/2 B.
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<b>Miscellaneous</b>	
C. I. and E. Lumber	Tls. 110
Culty Dairy	Tls. 10 S.
Shai Elec. and Ash	\$2
Shanghai Trams	Tls. 70 1/2 B.
Shanghai Gas	Tls. 24
Horse Bazaar	Tls. 30
Shanghai Mercury	Tls. 30
Shai Telephone	Tls. 80 S.
Shai Waterworks	Tls. 250 B.

Benjamin & Potts, 8 Jinkee Road  
Telephone No. 398.

**"BICKERTON'S"**  
PRIVATE HOTEL  
Established 22 years.  
102 Bubbling Well Road. Seven  
minutes from Bund by tram, which  
stop at the door. Strictly first-class  
cuisine under the personal super-  
vision of the proprietress. 60 rooms,  
separate baths, with hot and cold  
water, electric light. Tel. W. 1271.

## Sungala Votes 10 Per Cent Dividend

At the second annual general meeting of the Sungala Rubber Estates Ltd., held at the rooms of the Chamber of Commerce, yesterday afternoon, a dividend of 10 per cent for the year ending March 31, 1917 was authorised.

Mr. Cecil Holliday occupied the chair and was supported by Messrs. A. H. Mansell, Chadwick T. Kew, and Chang Nieh-yun, directors, and Mr. R. C. Philippo, secretary and other shareholders. The number of shares represented in the meeting was 29,465.

The Chairman's speech was as follows: "The report and accounts having been in your hands for some days now I will with your permission follow the custom prevalent in this port and take them as read."

"Your directors have again followed their former policy and have included in the report all that they considered it was possible to say about last year's working which leaves me with really nothing fresh to tell you now. No attempt has been made to issue the new capital authorised by you at the extraordinary general meeting held on July 5, last year as the state of the market has all along made the success of such an attempt doubtful and this year directors regret because there is no question that the estate at its present size must always be expensive to run, whilst if it were developed to its utmost capacity we could produce eventually somewhere about three times as much rubber as we are capable of now and all for the same standing charges; and you would find yourselves possessed of as nice a bit of property as any in the Federated Malay States. I may mention that the outputs this year have been:—April, 5,984 lbs; May, 7,157 lbs; June, 5,157 lbs; or a total of 21,298 lbs, an average of 7,100 lbs per month or \$5,200 lbs. for the year, against the estimate of 80,000 lbs, so that up to date everything is going well."

No questions being asked, the chairman moved the following resolutions which were carried unanimously:

That the report and statement of accounts as published be accepted and passed—proposed by Mr. Cecil Holliday and seconded by Dr. Chadwick T. Kew.

That the directors be authorised to pay a dividend of 10% on the paid-up capital of the company for the year ended March 31, 1917—proposed by Mr. A. H. Mansell, seconded by Mr. Chang Nieh-yun.

That the remuneration of the directors be Tls. 1,250 for the year ended March 31, 1917—proposed by Mr. Brodie A. Clarke and seconded by Mr. Woo Tsz-shan.

That Dr. Chadwick Kew, the retiring director, be re-elected a director of the company—proposed by Mr. Brodie A. Clarke, and seconded by Mr. Tsoi Yee-kwan.

That Messrs. Mortimer Reid and Lee be appointed auditors of the company for the ensuing year at a remuneration of Tls. 150. Proposed by Mr. Y. K. Zee Shih-van and seconded by Mr. X. K. Zee Shih-van.

The chairman further announced that dividend warrants would be posted for payment today, after which the meeting terminated.

## Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, July 11, 1917.	
<b>Money and Bullion</b>	
Gold Dollars Bank's buying rate	Tls.
@ 93 = Tls. 1.07	
@ 72.4 = Mex. \$1.48	
Mex. dollars Market rate	72.15
Shai Gold Bars: 975 touch	—
Bar Silver	39 1/2
Copper Cash	18.08
<b>Sovereigns:</b>	
Buying rate @ 3/10 = Tls. 5.21	
exch. @ 72.4 = Mex. \$7.20	
Pegink Bar	288
Native Interest	10

<b>Latest London Quotations</b>	
Bar Silver	39 1/2
Bank Rate of Discount	5%
Market rate of discount:	
3 m-s.	%
4 m-s.	%
6 m-s.	%

<b>Exchange Closing Quotations</b>	
London	T.T. 3/10 1/2
London	Demand 3/10 1/2
India	(nominal) T.T. 28 1/2
Paris	T.T. 53 1/2
Paris	Demand 53 1/2
New York	T.T. 91 1/2
New York	Demand 91 1/2
Hongkong	T.T. 67 1/2
Japan	T.T. 55 1/2
Batavia	T.T. 220

<b>Bank's Buying Rates</b>	
London	4 m-s. Cds. 3/11 1/2
London	4 m-s. Doey. 3/11 1/2
London	6 m-s. Cds. 4/1
London	6 m-s. Doey. 4/1
Paris	4 m-s. 54 1/2
New York	4 m-s. 94 1/2

<b>Customs House Exchange Rates For July</b>	
Hk. Tls. 4.76 @ 8 1/2%	£1
" 1 @ 519 =	Francs 5.78
" 1 No quotation Market	4.72
" 1 @ 89 1/2	Gold \$1
" 1 @ 57 1/2	Yen. 1.95
" 1 @ 15	Rupees 8.15
" 1 @ 410	Roupees 4.57
" 1 @ 1.50	Mex. \$1.50
† Nominal	

**The China Mutual Life Insurance Company, Ltd.**  
Copies of the Directors' Report, Revenue Account and Balance Sheet may be obtained on application in person or in writing to the Managers.

Head Office,  
10 Canton Road,  
Shanghai.

**British-America Assurance Co.**  
The undersigned, as agents for the above company, are prepared to grant policies against Fire on Foreign and Native Risk at Current Rates.  
**FRAZAR & Co.**

OIL SHIP SILVER SHELL  
SANK A SUBMARINE

## French Confirm Reported Battle Between American Steamer And German

Paris, June 7.—The American steamer Silver Shell has had a battle with a submarine in the Mediterranean. After an exchange of sixty shots the submarine disappeared.

Details of the fight were made public today by the Ministry of Marine. The Silver Shell, commanded by Captain Tom Charlton, sighted the submarine on May 30. In the running fight, which followed the American boat proved speedier than its enemy, and seemed also to be the master in gunfire. The disappearance of the submarine was sudden.

Rear Admiral Lacaze, Minister of Marine, said it was not known whether the submarine was sunk by a shot from the Silver Shell or submerged voluntarily to avoid further punishment. It was always impossible, he said, to ascertain whether a submarine which disappeared had been destroyed unless wreckage was discovered later. None the less he considered the result of this engagement highly creditable to the Silver Shell.

News of this occurrence was received with immense satisfaction by the French public, coming after the announcement that an American squadron had arrived at a French port. Admiral Lacaze referred to the value of this co-operation, and laid emphasis on the multiplication of patrols, with the assistance of seaplanes, as the quickest way of disposing of submarines.

**Promotion For Gunner Clark**  
Washington, June 7.—William J. Clark of New York, a warrant officer from the battleship Arkansas, commanded the armed guard aboard the American steamer Silver Shell, which sank a German submarine in the Mediterranean.

"It was a splendid piece of work," Secretary Daniels said today, "and we are now considering promotion for Clark, who well deserves it."

The other members of the Silver Shell's gun crew were George R. Briner, Jameson, Md.; Thomas F. Atwell, Providence, R. I.; Frank Brouseau, Southbridge, Mass.; Joseph C. Celone, Ansonia, Conn.; Donald F. Chisholm, Jersey City; Walter R. Horn, Boston; Thomas J. Leahy, Springfield, Mass.; William Martens, Brooklyn; Leo Mauree, New York City; Jerrie L. Patterson, Forsyth County, Ga.; Lawrence B. Ray, Barnstable, N. C.; Herman L. Seedorf, Brooklyn, N. Y.

The Navy Department received word some days ago of the action between the Silver Shell and the submarine. Inquiries were made promptly of the naval gun crew at the port where the ship had arrived and the account of the battle was confirmed. Secretary Daniels said his advice added nothing to the details of the fight already published.

"As Turret Captain of the dreadnought Arkansas, Clark has held high rating among warrant officers of the navy, and was selected to command the guard on the Silver Shell because of his ability, proved through years of naval service. In some other instances warrant officers are in command of the gun crews, although in the majority of cases the men are under commissioned officers."

Secretary Daniels did not say what grade he was contemplating in the promotion for Clark.

The Silver Shell is the steamer referred to in yesterday's State Department announcement as having sunk a German submarine after an exchange of sixty shots in a running fight of an hour and a half.

The State Department did not announce the name of the steamer because it has been this Government's policy not to disclose the names of ships having engagements with submarines, because officials feel it marks the ship for further attack, as they believe was the case with the Mongolla. That vessel, after having once been identified with a submarine encounter, has repeatedly been attacked, as though the submarine flotilla had set about especially to destroy the vessel which had the temerity to engage it with such persistence. It has been the policy also not to identify the gun crews on merchant ships, so as not to add to their hardships in case of capture. The British have followed this same policy because, in cases where the Germans have identified a gun crew or a commander as having attacked or sunk one of their submarines, they have subjected the prisoners to unusual severity.

The Silver Shell is a steamship of 5,005 tons, owned by the Shell Oil Company of California. She sailed from America early in May with a crew of forty-three men, of whom fifteen are Americans. Her commander comes from New York.

**COTTON MARKET**  
Reuters Service  
London, July 9.—Today's cotton prices were:—  
Mid-American Spot ..... 19.15d.  
July-August ..... 17.80d.  
October-November ..... 16.75d.

**LANGKAT DAILY OUTPUT**  
The following telegraphic information has been received by the general agent from the Sumatra director and manager of the Maatschappij tot Mijn-Boech-en Landbouwexploitatie in Langkat:  
The output of crude oil for July 9 was 76 tons.

**London Rubber Market**  
Reuters Service  
London, July 8.—Today's rubber prices were:—  
Plantation First Latex Crepe:—  
Spot: 2s. 5 1/2d. paid.  
October to December: 2s. 7 1/2d. value.  
Tendency of Market: Quiet.  
Previous Quotation, London, July 7:—  
Spot: 2s. 5 1/2d. paid.  
October to December: 2s. 7 1/2d. paid.  
Tendency of Market: Quiet.

## Yesterday's Silk Market

Kind	Chop and grade	Price
<b>Tussar Silk</b>		
Gold Killing		530
Chai Killing		515
Red Killing		510
<b>Tsai. Fil.</b>		
Mars Kon Kee		635
Tsai. New Style		670
Genet, 1.		
Gold and Silver Peacocks		av. 712.50
Gold and Silver Motor Cars		av. 712.50
Gold and Silver Trains		av. 707.50
Gold and Silver Bats		av. 707.50
Black and Blue Hands		av. 712.50
Tassah Silk		
C. H.	down	415

## BAR SILVER

Reuters Service  
London, July 9.—Today's silver prices were as follows:—  
Bar Silver Spot: 39 1/2d. Short supplies, little general demand, steady.  
Previous Quotation, London, July 7:—  
Bar Silver Spot: 39 1/2d. quiet.

## DRAIN INDUSTRIES OF MEN

## Social Insurance Statistics In Germany Tell The Story

On March 1 the number of women employed in German industries covered by the social insurance laws exceeded that of the men by 10,802, according to data found in a recent issue of the Reichsarbeitsblatt. At the beginning of February the men were still in the majority, outnumbering the women by 10,060, but at the end of that month the records of the sick and death benefit associations showed 3,973,457 women on the rolls, compared with 3,962,655 men.

What seems to indicate both a remarkable shifting of male workers from the field of industry to that of battle and a moving of women workers from industries covered by the social insurance rules into other lines of labor is found in a comparison between the figures of March 1 and those for the first

half of 1916. At the end of the latter period the number of women covered by the social insurance laws given as 4,793,472 and the number of men as 5,288,923, by data furnished by the sick and death benefit societies. In 1914, the figures were 3,508,164 and 6,160,912, respectively.

## Amusements

## OLYMPIC THEATRE

TONIGHT

July 12th

CHARLIE CHAPLIN

IN

## "CHARLIE'S STORMY ROMANCE"

Four Parts

SHOWING ALSO

"Death or Divorce"

A thrilling drama enacted under water, in Three Parts

and

A New Gaumont Graphic

With latest world events

VICTORIA THEATRE  
NEW PROGRAMME

For July 12

Showing Selected New Pictures

"SUNNY SMITH"

Comedy

"THE MOSAIC LAW"

Drama In Two Parts

"THEIR ANNIVERSARY REX"

Comedy

"NEW GAUMONT GRAPHIC"

With the Latest News Events

AND

"Fatty's Plucky Pup"

IN TWO PARTS

Featuring Roscoe Arbuckle

The newest Keystone Comedy, in which the weighty hero is capably supported by a wonderfully clever dog.

## St. George's Gardens

(Bubbling Well Road)

## Open-Air Cinema

Every Evening

at 9.15

Change of Programme  
on Mondays & Fridays

## TOWA CINEMA THEATRE

No. 3 Woonchow Road (Near Chaiwo Road)

Programme for July 12th

"THE POOR FIXER"

Comedy.

"THE SHIELDING SHADOW"

The Wonder Serial, In 15 Episodes each two reels

TONIGHT, Showing the first two episodes, entitled:

"Treasure Trove" and "Into the Depths"

Four reels.

"Slippery Slim and the Fortune Teller"

Essau comedy.

CHANGE OF PROGRAMME

EVERY MONDAY AND FRIDAY.

MATINEE ON SUNDAY at 2.30 p.m.

Admission Prices

1st class 30 cts., 2nd class 20 cts., 3rd class 10 cts.

## ISIS THEATRE

Corner Jukong Road and North Szecheun Road  
(about 150 yards from Range Road)

Two Performances Nightly 7.15 and 9.15 p.m.

Matinees on Saturday and Sunday at 3 p.m.

TONIGHT

COMMENCING:

TONIGHT

The World's Greatest Serial Picture

In 16 Episodes, 33 Parts

Entitled:

## "THE FANATIC"

Novelized by the Famous author Mr. Louis Tracy. Starring The Celebrated Dramatic Artist

EDWIN STEVENS

In the role of Kaffra-Kan "The Fanatic"

(Chief of the Mongolian hordes that invaded the United States as predicted by Ex-President Roosevelt in his Detroit speech, and by War-Aide Henry S. Breckinridge)

Featuring:

Florance Malons ... as Princess Selaia Margaret Gale ... as Marguerite Bronsen  
and supported by

MAGNIFICENT COMPANY

SEE "THE FANATIC" and REMEMBER

That the Interest, Sensation and Thrills will get deeper and deeper as each Episode is screened right up to the end. So we advise you not to miss one episode of this Serial Picture.

Showing also the Screaming Comedies



## Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

## Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.

Capital ..... £1,200,000  
Reserve Fund ..... 1,200,000  
Reserve Liability of Shareholders ..... 1,200,000

Head Office:  
25 BISHOPSGATE, LONDON, E. C.

Court of Directors:  
Sir Montagu Cornhill Turner, Chairman.  
Sir Henry S. Cunningham, K.C.I.E.  
T. Cuthbertson, Esq.  
Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.  
W. H. Neville Goschen, Esq.  
The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.  
W. Foot Mitchell, Esq.  
Kew Alexander Wallace, Esq.

Branches:  
The Bank of England.  
The London City & Midland Bank Limited.  
The London County and Westminster Bank Limited.  
The National Provincial Bank of England, Limited.  
The National Bank of Scotland, Limited.

Agencies and Branches:  
Amritsar, Hilo, Puket.  
Bangkok, Ipoh, Rangoon.  
Batavia, Karachi, Saigon.  
Bombay, Klang, Seremban.  
Calcutta, Kobe, Singapore.  
Canton, Kuala Lumpur, Shanghai.  
Cebu, Madras, Sourabaya.  
Colon, Malacca, Taiping.  
Delhi, Manila, (F. M. S.)  
Fookchow, Medan, Tavy (Lower).  
Haiphong, New York, Burma.  
Hankow, Peking, Tientsin.  
Hongkong, Penang, Yokohama.

Shanghai Branch, 12 The Bund.  
Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought and received for Collection. Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Current Deposit Account, according to arrangement.

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

L. R. BRENNER, Manager.

## BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE

Capital ..... Frs. 45,000,000.00  
Reserves ..... Frs. 45,000,000.00

## Succursales et Agences:

Bangkok, Hanoi, Saigon.  
Batavia, Hongkong, Shanghai.  
Canton, Mengtze, Singapore.  
Djibouti, Noumea, Tientsin.  
Douchery, Peking, Tourane.  
Haiphong, Paquet.  
Hankow, Phnom-Penh.

Branches:  
In France: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et Commercial; Societe Generale.  
In London: The Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais.

This Shanghai Agency undertakes all banking operations and exchange business, grants credits on goods and approved securities and receives deposits on current and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

L. ARDAIN, Manager.

## Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Filiale de la Societe Generale de Belgique  
Societe Anonyme  
Paid-up Capital ... Frs. 30,000,000

Head Office: BRUSSELS.  
London office: 2 Bishopsgate.  
Branches at: Peking, Tientsin, Alexandria, Cairo (Egypt), and Rotterdam.

President: JEAN JADOT  
Gouverneur Societe Generale de Belgique.

Branches:  
London: Martin's Bank, Ltd.  
Brussels: Societe Generale de Belgique.  
Antwerp: Banque d'Anvers.

Paris: Banque de l'Union Parisienne, Societe Anonyme.  
Lyons and Marseilles: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris.  
New York: National City Bank of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts Tels and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

M. DEMETS, Manager for China.

## Hongkong &amp; Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital ..... £15,000,000  
Reserve Fund: Sterling, £15,000,000 @ 2s. 11s. 000,000  
Silver ..... 12,500,000

Head Office: HONGKONG  
Court of Directors:  
S. H. Dodwell, Esq., Chairman.  
J. A. Plummer Esq., Deputy.  
Hon. Mr. C. E. Anton. [Chairman].

A. H. Compton Esq.  
G. T. M. Edkins, Esq.  
C. S. Gubbay Esq.  
Hon. Mr. P. H. Holyoak.  
E. V. D. Parr, Esq.  
W. L. Patterson, Esq.

Chief Manager:  
Hongkong—N. J. STAM.

Branches and Agencies:

Amoy, Ipoh, Peking.  
Bangkok, Johore, Penang.  
Batavia, Kobe, Rangoon.  
Bombay, Kuala Lumpur, Saigon.  
Calcutta, London, S. Francisco.  
Canton, Lyons, Shanghai.  
Colon, Malacca, Singapore.  
Fookchow, Manila, Sourabaya.  
Hankow, Nagasaki, Tientsin.  
Harbin, New York, Tsingtau.  
Hilo, Yokohama.

London Bankers:  
London County and Westminster Bank, Ltd.

Shanghai Branch: 12, The Bund.  
Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway.  
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Local Bills Discounted.  
Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.

A. G. STEPHEN, Manager.

## Russo-Asiatic Bank

Capital (fully paid) ..... 55,000,000  
Reserve Fund ..... 24,000,000  
Kpg. Tls.

Capital Contributed by the Russian Government ..... 3,500,000  
Reserve Fund ..... 1,745,000

Head office: PETERSBURG.  
Paris Office: 9, Rue Boudreau.  
London Office: 64, Old Broad St. E. C.

Branches:

London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.  
Paris: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France, Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.

Lyons: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.

Far Eastern Branches and Agencies:  
Bombay, Hanoi, Peking.  
Calcutta, Hankow, Shanghai.  
Changhai, Harbin, Tientsin.  
Chefoo, Newchwang, Vladivostok.  
Chetoo, Nicolayowsk, Yokohama.  
Dahly (Dairen o-A).

55 Branches and Agencies in Russia, Siberia and Mongolia.

SHANGHAI BRANCH  
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Tels, Dollars and Roubles Terms on application.

Local Bills discounted. Special facilities for Russian Exchange.

Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.

Safe Deposit Boxes.  
L. JEZERSKI,  
G. CARRERE,  
Managers for China and Japan.

The Shanghai Commercial and Savings Bank, Ltd.

9, Ningpo Road.

Paid-Up Capital ..... \$ 300,000.00  
Reserve ..... \$ 10,000.00  
Deposits (Dec. 31, 1916) \$1,408,000.00

Correspondents at principal cities in China, and domestic exchange a specialty.

Credits granted on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Current accounts in both tels and dollars with interest, may be opened on application.

Particulars of interest allowed on fixed deposits, in both tels and dollars, will be furnished on request.

K. P. CHEN, General Manager.

## The Bank of China

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorized Capital ..... \$50,000,000  
Paid-up Capital ..... \$10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.

Branches and Agencies:  
Peking, Tientsin, Newchwang, Mukden, Changchun, Harbin, Dairen, Tientsin, Tsingtau, Kaifung, Hankow, Ichang, Shanghai, Wuhu, Yangchow, Chinkiang, Nanking, Shanghai, Hangchow, Ningpo, Fookchow, Canton, Nanchang, Taiyuen, etc., etc.

SHANGHAI BRANCH,  
3 HANKOW ROAD.

Loans granted on approved securities. Local bills discounted. Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts in Tels at the rate of 2 per cent per annum and on Fixed Deposits at the following rates:

For 3 months at the rate of 3 per cent per annum.  
For 6 months at the rate of 4 per cent per annum.  
For 12 months at the rate of 5 per cent per annum.

SUNG HAN-CHANG, Manager.

## Hongkong &amp; Shanghai Banking Corporation

Savings Bank Office:  
12 The Bund, and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than \$1, or over \$100, will be received at one time.

Not more than \$1,200 will be received in one year from any single depositor whose credit balance shall not at any time exceed the sum of \$5,000.

Interest at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance.

Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Tels, at the option of the depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

Office Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

## Banque Industrielle de Chine

Capital ..... Frs. 45,000,000  
One-third of the Capital, i. e. Frs. 15,000,000, subscribed by THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC

Statutes approved by the Government of the Chinese Republic on January 11, 1915.

President, Andre Berthelot.  
General Manager, A. J. Pernotte.

HEAD OFFICE:  
74, RUE ST. LAZARE, PARIS.

Branches in Peking, Tientsin and Shanghai.

BANKERS:  
In France: Societe Generale pour le Developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.

In London: London County and Westminster Bank, Ltd.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits on application.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

G. LION, Manager.

1, French Bund, Shanghai.

## Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited

(Established 1859.)  
Head Office: YOKOHAMA, JAPAN.

Capital Subscribed ..... Yen 45,000,000  
Capital Paid-up ..... " 34,000,000  
Reserve Fund ..... " 21,300,000

London Bankers:  
Union of London & Smith's Bank, The London Joint Stock Bank, Parr's Bank, Ltd.

Branches and Agencies:  
Antungshia, London, Port Arthur, Bombay, Liaoang, S. Francisco, Calcutta, Los Angeles, Singapore, Changchun, Lyons, Sydney, Dalny, Mukden, Sinafu, Hankow, Nagasaki, Tientsin, Harbin, Newchwang, Tientsin, Honolulu, Okaia, Tsingtau, Kobe, Peking.

SHANGHAI BRANCH  
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Tels and Dollars, according to arrangement.

Drafts granted on principal places in Japan, Korea, Formosa and China, and the chief commercial places in Europe, India and America, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

K. KODAMA, Manager.

## International Banking Corporation

Capital & Surplus—U.S. \$6,500,000.00  
Undivided Profits—1,010,000.00  
U.S. \$7,510,000.00

Head Office:  
55 Wall Street, New York  
National City Bank Building.

London Office:  
26 Bishopsgate, E. C.

Branches:

Bombay, Hongkong, Peking, Calcutta, Kobe, San Francisco, Canton, London, Santo Domingo, Cebu, Manila, San Pedro de, Colon, Medellin, Macoris, (Cristobal C.Z.) Shanghai, Hankow, Panama, Singapore, Tientsin, Yokohama.

Through its close affiliation with the NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK, the Corporation is able to offer the special services of the Branches of that Institution established at—

Bahia, Rio de Janeiro, Buenos Aires, Santiago de Cuba, Genoa, Santos, Montevideo, San Paulo, Valparaiso, Petrograd.

The Corporation issues Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit and Travellers' Cheques, receives money on CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNT and FIXED DEPOSIT ACCOUNT on terms which may be ascertained on application, and transacts all other descriptions of Banking and Exchange business.

H. C. GULLAND, Manager.

12 Klukiang Road, SHANGHAI.

## Nederlandsche Handel-Maatschappij

(NETHERLAND TRADING SOCIETY.)  
Established 1824.

Paid-up Capital—Gulden 6,000,000 (about £5,000,000)  
Reserve Fund—Gulden 9,925,431 (about £827,120)

Head Office: AMSTERDAM.  
Head Agency: BATAVIA.

Agencies in Holland:  
THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM.

Branches:  
Banjermasin Padang, Soerakarta, Bandoeng, Palembang, Tandjong Balei, Cheribon, Pekalongan, Tebin-Tingri, Dejember, Penang, Tegal, Djokjakarta, Pontianak, Telok-Betong, Hongkong, Rangoon, Tjilatjap, Kota-Hadja, Semarang, Weltevreden, Makassar, Singapore, Medan, Soerabaya.

London Bankers:  
Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells, and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents, and transacts banking business of every description.

Current accounts kept in tels and dollars.

SHANGHAI BRANCH  
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits, according to arrangement.

B. G. J. WYNBERG, Manager.

Commercial Bank of China

Head office: SHANGHAI

Subscribed Capital Sh. Tls. 5,000,000  
Paid-up Capital .. Sh. Tls. 2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:

For 3 months at 3 per cent per annum.  
For 6 months at 4 per cent per annum.  
For 12 months at 5 per cent per annum.  
On Deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

H. C. MARSHALL, Chief Manager.

## The Bank of Canton, Limited.

Incorporated 1912.

Authorized Capital ..... H.K. \$2,000,000  
Subscribed and paid up Capital ..... H.K. \$1,371,500  
Reserve Fund ..... H.K. \$120,000  
Investment reserve fund—H.K. \$20,000

Head Office:  
No. 6 Des Voeux Road, Hongkong.

Shanghai Office:  
No. 2 Ningpo Road.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. C. WONG, Asst. Manager.

## The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd.

Authorized Capital ..... £1,500,000  
Subscribed Capital ..... 1,125,000  
Paid-up Capital ..... 562,500  
Reserve Fund ..... 600,000

HEAD OFFICE, 15 Gracechurch Street, LONDON, E. C.

London Bankers:  
Bank of England.  
London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

Branches and Agencies:  
Bombay, Howrah, Madras, Calcutta, Kandy, Penang, Colombo, Karachi, Port Louis, Delhi, Kota Bahru (Mauritius), Galle, (Kelantan), Rangoon, Hongkong, Kuala Lumpur, Shanghai, Singapore.

Shanghai Branch.

EVERY description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Tels Current Accounts at 3 per cent annum and on Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.

R. D. YOUNG, Manager.

7 Nanking Road. 9752

## BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS

Specially authorized by Presidential Mandates of April 7, 1914 and October 31, 1915.

Paid up Capital: Kumping Tels 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.

50 Branches and Agencies at principal commercial places in China.

SHANGHAI BRANCH  
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits in Tels and Dollars according to arrangements.

Credit granted on Approved Securities and Every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

CHAO CHING HUA, Manager.

## SUMITOMO BANK, LIMITED

SHANGHAI BRANCH.  
No. 1 Klukiang Road

Capital (Paid-up) .. Yen 15,000,000  
Reserve ..... Yen 1,470,000  
Deposits ..... Yen 120,000,000

President, Baron K. SUMITOMO

Head Office: OSAKA.

Branches:  
Tokyo, Yokohama, Nagoya, Kyoto, Osaka, Kobe, Hyogo, Onomichi, Kure, Niigama, Hiroshima, Yamai, Shimonoseki, Moji, Wakamatsu, Kikukoku, Kurume, Honolulu, San Francisco, Bombay and Hankow.

London Bankers:  
LLOYDS BANK, LIMITED  
New York Bankers:  
NATIONAL CITY BANK OF N. Y.

Banking Business in General Foreign Exchange Business, Travellers' and Commercial Letters of Credit. Correspondents throughout the World.

S. KASAHARA, Manager.

Tel. No. 3536 (Sumitomo Bank).  
Tel. No. 4663 (Comptadore Office).

## 中學銀行

CHUNG FOO UNION BANK

Statutes approved by the Government in 1910  
Head Office: Tientsin

Capital ..... \$2,000,000.00  
Paid up Capital ..... \$1,000,000.00  
Managing Director: SUN TAO SAN

Branches and Agencies:  
Peking, Hankow, Shanghai, Hongkong, Nanking, Canton, Haichow, Pengpu, Yangchow, Chinkiang, Ningpo, Hangchow, Tientsin, Shaohsing.

Shanghai Branch  
441, Ningpo Road

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Y. R. SUN, Manager.

T. D. ZAR, Sub-manager.

## Shipping Items

The C.N. s.s. Anhui left Hongkong for Shanghai on Sunday.

The I.-C. s.s. Tuckwo left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Tatum left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday.

The H.O. s.s. Changon left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Sanyang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Tafoo Maru left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Wuchang left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangyung left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Tungting left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.M. s.s. Sunning left Hongkong for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.M. s.s. Poochi left Wenchow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The I.-C. s.s. Loongwo will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The N.K.K. s.s. Nanyang Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Shengking will leave Tientsin for Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Shantung will leave Hongkong for Shanghai today.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangyung will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The C.N. s.s. Poyang will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The N.S. s.s. Ningshao will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The I.-C. s.s. Wosang left Fookchow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The S.M.R. s.s. Sakaki Maru with passengers and mails from Europe, left Dairen for Shanghai on Tuesday, and may be expected to arrive at the S. M. R. Co.'s Whampoa wharf about 6.30 a.m. today.

Passengers will at their option land either direct to the wharf or by the steam launch which is expected to arrive at the Custom's jetty about half an hour after steamer's arrival at the wharf. She will be despatched for Dairen via Tsingtau at 5 p.m. tomorrow.

## Passengers Arrived

Per I.-C. s.s. Koonshing from Tientsin—Mr. W. J. Connon, and Mrs. C. L. Williams. From Chefoo—Capt. Farmore. From Weihaiwei—Messrs. W. Todd, S. Konoku, S. Konoku, and W. R. Bulchost.

Per C.N. s.s. Hsin Peking from Ningpo—Mr. H. M. Gorton, Bishop and Mrs. Molony.

Per N.S. s.s. Hsin Ningshao from Ningpo—Mr. C. S. Traculo, and Mr. T. H. Tricker.



## GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

## Future Sailings

## FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
July 19	..	Tacoma & Seattle	Hawai Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
..	..	San Francisco	Korea Maru	Jap.	Alexander
..	..	San Francisco	Colombia	Am.	P. & S. S. Co.
..	..	San Francisco	Yokohama Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
..	..	San Francisco	Yokohama Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
..	..	San Francisco	Yokohama Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.

## FOR JAPAN PORTS

July 12	4.00	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Kamashima Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
..	..	..	Yamashiro Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
..	..	..	Yamashiro Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
..	..	..	Yamashiro Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
..	..	..	Yamashiro Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
..	..	..	Yamashiro Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.

## FOR EUROPE, IN DIA, STRAITS, ETC.

July 11	11.00	Liverpool etc.	Suwa Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Aug 5	..	London etc.	Akutsu Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.

## FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

July 12	8.00	Ningpo	Kiangtse	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..

## FOR NORTHERN PORTS

July 12	11.00	Wei-hai-wei, Chefoo & Tientsin	Shuntien	Br.	B. & S.
..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..

## FOR RIVER PORTS

July 12	M.N.	Hankow etc.	Kutwo	Br.	B. & S.
..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..

## Arrivals

Date	From	Ship's Name	Tons	Flag	Agents	Berth
July 11	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	2878	Br.	B. & S.	CNCW
..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..

## Departures

Date	For	Ship's Name	Tons	Flag	Agents
July 11	Hankow etc.	Kiangtung	1451	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..

## For Southern Ports

AMOY, HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Sinkiang Captain Benson, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Thursday, July 12 at daylight. For Freight or Passage apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents, Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage, Tel. No. 401.

FOOCHOW.—The Str. Hsinchi, Capt. E. Hansen, will leave on Friday morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

AMOY & SWATOW.—The Str. Feiching Capt. A. B. Baines, will leave on Friday morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C. M. S. N. Co.

NINGPO.—The China Navigation Co.'s str. Hsin Peking, Capt. A. Scott, R.N.R. will leave from the French Bund on Friday, July 13, at 4 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents, French Bund, Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage, Tel. No. 401.

TAKAO (FORMOSA) via FOOCHOW and KEELUNG.—The Str. Keelung Maru, Capt. T. Kamiashi, will be despatched from the Co.'s Takao wharf on July 13, at 4 p.m. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nishin Kisen Kaisha at — on the same day. For Freight or Passage, apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund, Tel. No. 4234, 4047.

## Vessels Loading

## For River Ports

HANKOW and PORTS.—The Co.'s Str. Yohyang Maru, Capt. J. Ikeda, will be despatched from pootung N.K.K. wharf on Thursday, July 12, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to The Nishin Kisen Kaisha, No. 5 The Bund, Tel. No. 4234.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Str. Kutwo, tons 2,664 Captain Gibb, will leave on Thursday, July 12, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Jardine, Matheson and Co., Ltd., General Managers, Tel. No. 240.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The Str. Kiangshin Capt. J. R. Milligan, will leave on Thursday night. For Freight or Passage apply to C. M. S. N. Co.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Str. Tuckwo, tons 3,770 Captain Philip, will leave on Friday, July 13, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Jardine, Matheson and Co., Ltd., General Managers, Tel. No. 240.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The Co.'s Str. Tachang Maru, Captain H. Yamashita, will be despatched from pootung N.K.K. wharf on Friday, July 13, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to The Nishin Kisen Kaisha, No. 5 The Bund, Tel. No. 4234.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Tatung, Captain Williams, will leave from the French Bund on Friday, July 13, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents, French Bund, Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage, Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Wuchang, Capt. Pickard, will leave on Saturday, July 14 at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight apply to Butterfield and Swire Agents, Tel. No. 77.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Tungchow, Capt. Mcintosh, will leave from the French Bund on Wednesday, July 18, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents, French Bund, Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage, Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Chungking, Capt. E. Monkman, will leave on Tuesday, July 17 at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage apply to Butterfield and Swire Agents, Tel. No. 77.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Poyang, Capt. Carnahan, will leave from the French Bund on Wednesday, July 18, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents, French Bund, Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage, Tel. No. 401.

## For Northern Ports

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIEN-TSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Shuntien Capt. Northcote, will leave from the French Bund on Thursday, July 12 at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire Agents French Bund, Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage, Tel. No. 401.

TIEN-TSIN DIRECT.—The Str. Hsinfung, Capt. F. H. Hamblin, will leave on Friday morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIEN-TSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Tungchow, Captain McIntosh, will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, the July 14, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire Agents French Bund, Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage, Tel. No. 401.

TIEN-TSIN, DALNY and TSINGTAO.—The Steamer Kohoku Maru, Capt. K. Saito, will be despatched from the Co.'s Pootung Wharf on July 15, at 3 p.m. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nishin Kisen Kaisha at — on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund, Tel. No. 4234, and 4047.

WEIHAIWEI, DAIREN and NEWCHANG.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Fochow, Capt. C. R. Meham, will leave on Sunday, July 15, at 7 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents, Tel. No. 77.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIEN-TSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Shengking Captain Barkus will leave from the French Bund on Tuesday, July 17, at 3 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire Agents French Bund Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage, Tel. No. 401.

TSINGTAO & TIEN-TSIN.—The Str. Daichi Maru, Capt. H. Ueda, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtze wharf on July 21 at —. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nishin Kisen Kaisha at — on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund, Tel. No. 4234 and 4047.

## C. N. C. CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD. YANGTSE RIVER &amp; CHINA COAST PORTS. FAST SCHEDULE SERVICES.

For CHINKIANG, NANKING, WUHU, KIUKIANG and HANKOW.—S.S. Lucy, Ngankin, Poyang, Tatung, Tungting and Wuchang—Sailing from the French Bund at midnight. These steamers connect with the Company's regular lines on the Upper Yangtze and Hunan Lake.

\*The a.s. Wuchang is especially fitted to handle heavy lifts. Regular sailings every Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday at midnight.

For HONGKONG and CANTON.—S.S. Anhui, Chenan, Yingchow, Sinkiang, Shantung and Sunning—Sailing from the French Bund and connection at Hongkong with the Company's steamers for Hoihow, Pakhoi, Haiphong, Manila, Cebu, Iloilo, Zamboanga and Australian ports. Sailing from the French Bund every Tuesday, Thursday, and Sunday.

For TIEN-TSIN and PEKING via WEIHAIWEI and CHEFOO.—S.S. Tungchow, Fengtien, Shuntien and Shengking—Sailing from the French Bund every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

For NINGPO.—S.S. Hsin Peking—Sailing from the French Bund. Regular sailings every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 4 p.m. The above steamers are installed with Electric Light throughout, with Steam Heaters in the State Rooms and Dining Saloon, and are otherwise completely fitted for the comfort and convenience of passengers.

For further particulars regarding passage money, etc., see "THE TAIKOO SHIPPING GAZETTE," obtainable from the undersigned, or from The International Sleeping Car Express Train Co., or from Messrs. THOMAS COOK & SON, Fochow Road.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents, 21-23 French Bund. Freight: Telephone No. 77. Passage: Telephone No. 401.

## PACIFIC MAIL S.S. CO.

## U. S. MAIL LINE

Operating the new first-class steamers "Ecuador," "Venezuela" and "Colombia" 14,000 tons each TO SAN FRANCISCO VIA KOBE, YOKOHAMA AND HONOLULU.

## THE SUNSHINE BELT

The most comfortable route to America and Europe

SAILINGS FOR SAN FRANCISCO  
S.S. "Colombia" .. July 21, 1917  
S.S. "Venezuela" .. Aug. 18, 1917  
S.S. "Ecuador" .. Sept. 15, 1917

SAILINGS FOR MANILA  
S.S. "Venezuela" .. July 28, 1917  
S.S. "Ecuador" .. Aug. 25, 1917  
S.S. "Colombia" .. Sept. 22, 1917  
(Subject to change)

These steamers have the most modern equipment, including overhead fans in all staterooms, which contain no upper berths. One and two-berth staterooms only.

The Safety and Comfort of Passengers our first consideration. Tickets interchangeable with the Toyo Kisen Kaisha and the Canadian Pacific Ocean Services, Ltd.

For further information re freight and passage, apply to B. C. HAILE, Special Representative, 1b Nanking Road (Palace Hotel Building) Telephone 5056. SHANGHAI

ANDERSEN, MEYER & CO., LTD. Agents, 1b Nanking Road (Palace Hotel Building) Telephone 5056. SHANGHAI

## O. S. K. OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA

(Osaka Mercantile S. S. Co.)

Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government

## SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI

(Subject to Alteration)

AMERICAN LINE (For Tacoma and Seattle, Wash.)  
Via Pacific, calling at Nagasaki or Moji, Kobe, Yokkaichi, Shimidzu, Yokohama and Victoria, B. C.  
arr. leave.  
"HAWAII MARU" .... (18,000 tons) Capt. J. Kanoo, July 18, 19  
arr. leave.  
"CHICAGO MARU" .... (12,000 tons) Capt. T. Saito, Aug. 13, 14

CHINA COASTING LINE  
For Tientsin, Dairen and Tsingtau.  
arr. leave.  
"KOHOKU MARU" .... (2,610 tons) Capt. K. Saito, July 12 15  
For Tsingtau and Tientsin.  
arr. leave.  
"DAICHI MARU" .... (1,201 tons) Capt. T. Kamiashi, July 19 21  
For Fochow, Keelung and Takao.  
arr. leave.  
"KEELUNG MARU" .... (1,569 tons) Capt. T. Kamiashi, July 12, 13

The Company also run numerous steamers from Japan to India, South America, Australia, China, Korea, Vladivostok, and also between the Principal Ports in Japan.

For freight, passage and further information, please apply to:—  
H. YAMAUCHI, Manager, Union Building, 4 The Bund.  
Tel. Address: SHOSEN, SHANGHAI. Tel. Nos. 4001, 4204.

## JAMES MAGILL &amp; Co.

Cargo delivered at any Address in Shanghai.  
Furniture and Curios Packed for Shipment by Expert Packers  
SHIPPING AND FORWARDING AGENTS.  
Telephone 1845 83, Szechuen Road

## CANADIAN PACIFIC OCEAN SERVICES LIMITED

## QUICKEST TIMES ACROSS THE PACIFIC

To Canada, United States and Europe via Vancouver in connection with the Canadian Pacific Railway

EMPRESS OF ASIA EMPRESS OF RUSSIA

EMPRESS OF JAPAN MONTEAGLE

## Shanghai to Vancouver

## CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

GLACIER, FIELD, LAKE LOUISE, BANFF

Along the Fraser and Thomson River Canyons

Through the Selkirk and Canadian Rockies

Every facility of our office is at your disposal in planning trips, and we shall be pleased to quote fares to any point, and work out itineraries from starting point to destination.

For further information, sailings, etc., please apply to

G. M. Jackson, General Agent, Passenger Dept. Tel. No. 181 and 182.  
Corner of Peking and L. E. N. RYAN, Agent, Yuen Ming Yuen Roads, Shanghai

## T. K. K. TOYO KISEN KAISHA (ORIENTAL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.)

## SEMI-TROPICAL ROUTE.

To San Francisco from Shanghai via Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu.

"KOREA MARU" .. 20,000 .. July 20  
"SIBERIA MARU" .. 15,000 .. July 30  
"TENYO MARU" .. 22,000 .. Aug. 13

All the steamers of this Company are thoroughly modern and up-to-date. Equipped with Wireless Telegraph, Submarine Signals, Laundry, Children's Nursery, Ladies' Lounge, and all other modern improvements for safety and comfort. String Orchestra, Moving Picture Performances, Deck Dances, Service and Cuisine unexcelled.

REDUCED FIRST CLASS RATES by the steamers Nippon Maru and Persia Maru offering superior accommodation, first-class cuisine, and service.

Lay-Over privileges allowed at all ports of call. Interchangeable with steamers of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, and Canadian Pacific Ocean Services Ltd.

Railway transportation between Nagasaki, Kobe, and Yokohama may be had on application to the purser.

T. N. ALEXANDER, Agent,

North China Insurance Co.'s Building. Telephone No. 3229. (Entrance, 71 Szechuen Road.)

## CHINA MAIL S.S. CO., LTD.

## FREIGHT AND PASSENGERS

## S.S. CHINA

(AMERICAN REGISTRY)

WILL SAIL FROM SHANGHAI FOR SAN FRANCISCO VIA NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA AND HONOLULU SEPT. 8, NOV. 19, JAN. 31

AN UNSURPASSED HIGH-CLASS PASSENGER SERVICE AT INTERMEDIATE RATES REDUCED RATES TO MISSIONARIES

## FOR HONGKONG

AUG. 26, NOV. 6, JAN. 17

G. J. PETROCELLI, FRT. AND PASS. AGENT

NO. 6 KIUKIANG ROAD.

PHONE 4773. 4TH FLOOR

Swedish East Asiatic Co. Ltd. Regular Steamship service between Sweden and China. Shanghai Agents: The Ekman Foreign Agencies, Ltd.







## Auctions

## MR. E. TALBOT

A287 Broadway East,  
Hongkew

(Corner of Taiping Road)

Will sell by Public Auction  
within his saleroom

ON

Friday, the 13th July

AT 10 A.M.

The following goods, comprising:—Baby Folding Chair, Bookcase, Lady's desk, Chest of Drawers with desk combined, Harness, Folding Table, Books, Singer Sewing Machine, American-cloth-covered Morris Rocking Chair, Pictures, Ice-chest, Ningpo Inlaid Table, Tapestry Drawing Room Suite, Marble Clock with glass shade, Etc., Etc.

GOODS ON VIEW.

## NOTICE

Our offices will be closed on Saturday, July 14th, the French National Holiday.

GASTON, WILLIAMS &  
WIGMORE, FAR EAST-  
ERN DIVISION, INC.

JOSEPH J. KEEGAN,  
Managing Director.

14448

## Outport Orders

receive special attention.  
Great care is taken in packing and  
shipping: Goods, despatched, by  
first steamer after receipt of order.

High-Class  
American and British  
Provision, Wine, Spirits, Etc.

Our Prices Are Cheapest

C. EDDIE & CO.  
1185-B Broadway, Shanghai  
Tel. North 659

14319

## Conseil d'Administration Municipale de la Concession Francaise de Changhai

## AVIS

Le Jardin situé au No. 474 de l'Avenue Joffre (ex German Garden Club) est ouvert au Public.

A l'occasion de la fête Nationale Française du 14 Juillet, ce jardin sera spécialement décoré et illuminé.

Par ordre,  
Le Secrétaire du Conseil,  
G. LAFERRIERE.

French Municipal Council

## NOTICE

The Garden, No. 474 Avenue Joffre (ex German Garden Club) is open to the Public.

On the 14th July, French National Day, the garden will be specially decorated and illuminated.

By order,  
G. LAFERRIERE,  
Secretary.

14425

## New Wooden Steamers

## FOR SALE

Delivery in December, 1917.

Apply to

C. A. MARTINHO MARQUES,  
96 Szechuen Road.

Tel. No. Central 380.

Business and Official  
- - - Notices - - -

## Shanghai Waterworks Co., Ltd.

## NOTICE

THE Directors are prepared to receive applications in Shanghai on or before 21st September, 1917, for 1,650 new shares, of £20 each at a premium of £15 per share (making in all £35 per share) of which £15 will be payable on Application and £20 on Allotment.

The new shares will rank for dividend from the 1st October, 1917, i.e., they will be entitled to one-quarter of the total (interim and final) dividend that may be paid in respect of the year 1917.

In allotting the shares, preference will be given to applications received from existing shareholders.

Forms of Application and full particulars as to the conditions of issue may be obtained at the Company's Head Office at Shanghai.

By Order of the Directors,

ARTHUR P. WOOD,

Secretary & Engineer-in-Chief,  
Shanghai, July 6th, 1917.

14439

## KINGMAN &amp; BROS.

DENTAL-SURGEONS  
of the Philadelphia Dental College  
and Garretson's Hospital of  
Oral Surgery,  
Philadelphia, U.S.A.,  
Will perform all

Kinds of dental operation on  
modern Scientific principles  
And supply

Teeth of Superior Workmanship In  
Vulcanite, Gold and Alloy Plates,  
Gold Crown and Bridge Work.

All works are guaranteed to entire  
satisfaction.

No. 40 Szechuen Road.

13790

## Hongkong Fire Insurance Co., Ltd.

## SUB-AGENCY

Mr. ALBERT EDWARD  
FENTON has this day been appointed Sub-Agent of the above Company.

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO.,  
LIMITED.

Agents,

HONGKONG FIRE INSURANCE  
CO., LTD.

Shanghai, 6th July, 1917.

## Hongkong Fire Insurance Co., Ltd.

## SUB-AGENCY

I have this day been appointed Sub-Agent of The Hongkong Fire Insurance Company, Limited, and am prepared to accept approved Foreign and Native risks at current rates.

ALBERT EDWARD FENTON.

Shanghai, 6th July, 1917.

14402 J.14.

The Shanghai  
Chemical  
Laboratory

No. 4 Canton Road

## JUST ARRIVED

## MEUX'S STOUT

In excellent condition

GARNER, QUELCH &amp; CO.

Wine Merchants

Tel. Central 2021

## THE BUKIT TOH ALANG RUBBER ESTATES, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Seventh Annual Meeting of Shareholders of the above-named Company will be held at the Head Office, No. 71 Szechuen Road, Shanghai, on Tuesday, the 24th day of July, 1917, at 4.30 p.m., for presentation of the Report of the Directors and Accounts for the year ended 31st March, 1917.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from Tuesday, 17th, to Tuesday, 24th July, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors.

HUGO REISS &amp; CO.,

Secretaries & General Managers,  
Shanghai, 9th July, 1917.

14403 J.24.

## Pure Irish Linen

in  
4 Grades  
in widths of:  
100" 90" 72" 66" 45" 40" 36"

Irish Linen Tabling  
with

Serviettes to Match

Just opened out  
and

offered at low prices  
owing to favourable exchange

at  
H. G. HILL & CO.

119 Szechuen Road.

## Sam Joe &amp; Co

General Storekeepers, Grocers,  
Wine and Spirit Merchants.

Our goods are always absolutely  
fresh, being imported weekly  
from well-known manufacturers.  
"American" fresh fruit  
always in stock

PRICES VERY MODERATE  
PROMPT ATTENTION GIVEN  
TO ALL ORDERS

Orders from outports and the  
interior are carefully packed,  
and all breakages will be  
promptly made good.

All kinds of Chinese and  
Japanese coal sold by us also.

A1114 Broadway

Telephone No. 1095.

SHANGHAI.

ZUNG LEE &amp; SONS, (W. Z. Lee &amp; Sons, Est. 1895), BROADWAY, SHANGHAI

## METALS AND HARDWARE

Contractors to Governments, Municipalities, Railways, Tramways, etc.

KNAPP &amp; BAXTER, INC.

IMPORTERS OF

AMERICAN PRODUCTS

6 Kiang Road, Shanghai, China

Phone: No. 1860

Chinese Dept. No. 1625

## VENUS

Copying &amp; Drawing Pencils

Tel. THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO. Tel.  
4778 4 Canton Road, Shanghai 4778

## SUMMER SUITS

Hand-tailored, American Styles for hottest weather.  
White Serge, Shantung Silk, White Drill, Flannels  
Hard Woven, Hard Wearing Material

Thom Shing, Tailor

G19 Tiendong Road, near Broadway.

## ANTIMONY REGULUS.

(99% pure)

ALWAYS IN STOCK.

Apply, HUPEH GOVERNMENT MINING BUREAU, WUCHANG.

Tel. address "HUPEHMIN"

18731

## Kiangnan Poultry Farm

Chun Hsin Road (back of the S. N. Railway Station)

This Farm supplies best POULTRY TONIC for sale; particularly good for birds in summer season. One picul for \$2.00 only. Please order from the farm and it will be delivered to you.

## MUNICIPAL NOTIFICATION

No. 2435.

1% (SHORT TERM) LOAN 1917.

UNDER the authority of Resolutions V and VI passed at the Annual Meeting of Ratepayers on March 21, 1917, the Council hereby invites applications for debentures in the 7 per cent Loan of 1917.

The debentures in this issue will bear interest from the date of purchase at the rate of 7 per cent per annum payable on June 30 and December 31 in each year. They will be issued at par and will be redeemed on June 30, 1922.

The scrip will be issued in denominations of Tls. 1,000, Tls. 500 and Tls. 100 to suit the convenience of applicants. Application forms can be obtained from The Treasurer, Finance Department, 24b Kiang Road, to whom all enquiries should be addressed.

By order,

N. O. LIDDELL,

Acting Secretary.

Council Room,  
Shanghai, March 23, 1917.

14188

## M. CHING CHONG

Proprietor, Feh Mei-ching  
Hardware and Metal Merchants  
Government Contractors

Materials of every description  
for Engineering

Naval and Marine Stores always  
in stock

Our entire stock is from well-  
known manufacturers, and our  
prices are moderate

Sole Agent for

The Chao Hsin Cement Co., Ltd.

We have also Black Dye in stock.  
Trade Mark Zang Kun (張勳)  
at moderate prices.

For further information, please  
apply to—

66-69 North Soochow Road,

Shanghai

Tel. Gen. office No. 2971

Tel. Pri. office No. 4385

## STEAMERS FOR SALE

D/W Tonnage Capacity:—4,600 and  
1,300. June; 1,800 June/July; 6,500,  
3,200, 5,500 and 6,300. July; 1,400 July/  
Aug.; 5,700, 3,750, 800, 3,500 and 1,500.  
Aug.; 3,200 and 6,500. Aug./Sept.;  
2,100 and 2,500. Sept./Oct.; 5,850, 5,000,  
4,100, 1,500 and 6,000. Oct.; 2,500, 2,000,  
1,500 and 2,050. Dec.; 1,900. Dec./Jan.

C. A. MARTINHO MARQUES,

96 Szechuen Road.

Tel. No. 380.

## GODOWNS WANTED

WANTED, from August 1st, a  
small godown; must be light. State  
floor area and rental required to  
Box 293, THE CHINA PRESS.

14401 J.15.

## Classified Advertisements

2 cents a Word (Minimum Charge 40 cents)

All Advertisements must  
be PrepaidReplies must be  
called for

## APARTMENTS

## WINDSOR HOUSE

14-15 Quinsan Gardens

Comfortable rooms (Front and  
back, with bathrooms and verandahs)  
to let. Moderate prices. Good table.

Tel. 3482

3408

## Nos. 8 &amp; 11 Quinsan Gardens

FACING PARK

A large sitting room with Bedroom  
and Bath room attached, suitable  
for a married couple

Phone 1946

TO LET. Well-furnished rooms  
with bathroom and balcony, suitable  
married couples or bachelors, with  
board. Moderate terms. 12A Quinsan  
Gardens.

14449 J.14.

IN COMFORTABLE Villa, two  
large, cool rooms offered, with  
board. Verandahs, modern bath-  
rooms. Good locality; moderate  
terms. Apply to Box 296, THE  
CHINA PRESS.

14407

WESTERN DISTRICT. To let  
at 61 Carter Road, in exceptionally  
cool house, superior, furnished, large  
and smaller bed-sitting-rooms, facing  
south; large verandahs and bath-  
rooms attached; garden, tennis,  
telephone, tram station. Excellent  
cuisine. Terms moderate.

14358 J.14.

## BUSINESS OPORUNITY

WANTED, by old-established firm,  
a gentleman, preferably with business  
knowledge, to invest Tls. 4,000  
and give service to help extend  
working field. Good profits assured.  
Apply to Box 285, THE CHINA  
PRESS.

14390 J.11.

## SITUATION VACANT

WANTED by foreign firm, an  
experienced Chinese salesman; one  
who can visit any part of China if  
necessary; he must be a fluent talker  
in Chinese as well as English; none  
but men of exceptional ability need  
apply, to Box 308, THE CHINA  
PRESS. Good salary to the right  
man.

14447 J.15.

WANTED: Competent well-con-  
nected Chinese, from 30 to 40 years  
old, who has Tls. 5,000, to act as  
Comptroller of established whole-  
sale business under American  
management. Good pay and pros-  
pects. Apply to Box 302, THE  
CHINA PRESS, for appointment.

14427

WANTED: A young foreigner as  
office assistant in a British firm.  
Must have a practical knowledge of  
double-entry bookkeeping and be  
well-recommended. Reply, stating  
nationality, age, qualifications and  
salary required, to Box 304, THE  
CHINA PRESS.

14429 J.12.

## SITUATIONS WANTED

FIRST-CLASS Milliner, British,  
with ten years' practical experience  
in London houses and five years in  
the East, is open for engagement.  
Apply to Box 298, THE CHINA  
PRESS.

14415 J.12.

YOUNG LADY, with no previous  
experience, but having fair know-  
ledge of shorthand and typewriting,  
seeks position in an office. Salary  
immaterial. Apply to Box 297,  
THE CHINA PRESS.

14410 J.10.

YOUNG MAN, with eight years'  
experience in large firm (accounts,  
correspondence and selling), desires  
position in Shanghai from Septem-  
ber. Good character and willing  
worker. Testimonial. Apply to  
Box 282, THE CHINA PRESS.

14387 J.14.

OFFICE MAN of experience,  
holding responsible position, wants  
extra work after office hours and  
lots of it; no work too complex to  
handle; no position too small to  
consider or accept, to either one of  
which I promise true devotion, and  
to him who favors me with his con-  
fidence, I shall be unremitting in  
my labours to compensate. Apply to  
Aily: THE CHINA PRESS.

14134

A young Chinese, who has good  
knowledge of English, book-keeping,  
typewriting and Customs and ship-  
ping work, desires engagement.  
Apply to Box 287, THE CHINA  
PRESS.

14392

## HOUSES TO LET

TO LET: No. 6 Wayside Road.  
Tls. 50 per month. Apply to China  
Realty Co., Ltd.

14446

TO LET: House of five rooms,  
furnished or unfurnished, in the  
Northern district, near the American  
School. Apply to Box 286, THE  
CHINA PRESS.

14442 J.12.

TO LET, five-roomed house, small  
garden, two bathrooms, stable. Tls.  
80 per month. China Realty Co.,  
Ltd., 39 Nanking Road.

14350

## TRANSLATIONS

TRANSLATOR, who has con-  
siderable experience in legal, con-  
sulate, syndicate, journalistic, com-  
mercial and official translation  
work, undertakes translation in  
English and Chinese of agreements,  
petitions, letters, legal documents,  
advertisements, and commercial  
documents, etc. Please apply to  
Chang Nieh-yun, c/o 1-a Peking  
Road, or P.D., 159 Haining Road,  
opposite West End Lane.

## Exchange and Mart

FOR SALE, one L. C. Smith,  
Number 2 typewriter, in good  
working order. 60 dollars. En-  
quire Room 49, Bickerton's Hotel.

14430 J.12.

TO SELL thoroughbred pointers, 2  
months old; good pedigree. Apply  
to Box 305, THE CHINA PRESS.

14434 J.13.

FANCY VOILE, 40 inches wide,  
per yard 80 cents. Anton A. Heim-  
soth & Son, 49, Kiang Road.

14438 J.14.

MOTOR-CYCLE for sale, 3 h.p.  
Good make. Tls. 200. Apply to  
Box 299, THE CHINA PRESS.

14423 J.12.

FOR SALE, Hummerette motor-  
car, two-seater, in first-class running  
order, 30 to 35 miles on a gallon of  
gasoline; trial given on appoint-  
ment. Price reasonable. Apply to  
Box 292, THE CHINA PRESS.

14397 J.12.

FOR SALE: Three thoroughbred  
English pointer puppies, six weeks  
old. Price Tls. 15.00 each. Apply  
to Box 306, THE CHINA PRESS.

14443 J.12.

FOR SALE: Studebaker, 7-seater  
car, nearly new, in perfect condition.  
Apply to Box 303, THE CHINA  
PRESS.

14428 J.16.